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Summary: Amends Washoe County Code Chapter 110 (Development Code) to add middle housing use types, multifamily minor, guest quarters and employee housing and regulate those use types; and to update regulations related to allowed residential uses, accessory uses and structures, lot coverage, regulatory zone development standards, common open space developments, parking minimums, alleyway standards, landscaping exemptions, residential common open space standards, and various definitions.

BILL NO	•
ORDINANCE	NO

Title:

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE WASHOE COUNTY CODE AT CHAPTER 110 (DEVELOPMENT CODE) BY ADDING AND AMENDING VARIOUS SECTIONS IN DIVISION THREE—REGULATION OF USES, DIVISION FOUR—DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS, AND DIVISION NINE—GENERAL PROVISIONS. THESE UPDATES INCLUDE ADDING VARIOUS SECTIONS TO: ESTABLISH MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR GUEST QUARTERS, COTTAGE COURT DEVELOPMENTS, AND EMPLOYEE HOUSING; RELOCATE LOT COVERAGE STANDARDS FROM ARTICLE 306 TO ARTICLE 406; ESTABLISH REQUIRED FINDINGS FOR THE APPROVAL OF A COMMON OPEN SPACE DEVELOPMENT; AND ESTABLISH MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR ALLEYWAYS. THESE UPDATES ALSO INCLUDE AMENDING VARIOUS

SECTIONS TO: UPDATE THE RESIDENTIAL TABLE OF USES TO INCLUDE MIDDLE HOUSING TYPES, MINOR ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS, GUEST OUARTERS, MULTIFAMILY MINOR, AND EMPLOYEE HOUSING; MODIFY ALLOWANCES IN THE TABLE FOR DUPLEXES AND MULTIFAMILY HOUSING WITHIN REGULATORY ZONES IN WHICH THOSE USE TYPES ARE ALREADY ALLOWED; AND REORGANIZE THE USES IN THAT TABLE; UPDATE THE RESIDENTIAL USE TYPE LIST TO ADD AND DEFINE MULTIFAMILY MINOR, THE MIDDLE HOUSING USE TYPES OF TRIPLEX, QUADPLEX, AND COTTAGE COURT, GUEST QUARTERS, AND EMPLOYEE HOUSING, AND REORGANIZE THE LIST; UPDATE DETACHED ACCESSORY STRUCTURE REGULATIONS TO REFERENCE LOT COVERAGE STANDARDS RATHER THAN ENUMERATE THEM AND TO MODIFY DEED RESTRICTION REQUIREMENTS FOR CONNECTION TO WATER AND WASTEWATER FACILITIES; MODIFY ATTACHED AND DETACHED ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT STANDARDS TO REGULATE THEIR USE ON PARCELS WITH MIDDLE HOUSING TYPES AND SPECIFY THEIR MUTUAL EXCLUSIVITY WITH GUEST QUARTERS; MODIFY TABLE 110.406.05.1 GOVERNING REGULATORY ZONE DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS TO CONSOLIDATE THE SEPARATE TABLES INTO ONE TABLE AND TO MAKE MODIFICATIONS TO MINIMUM LOT SIZES, SETBACKS, AND MINIMUM LOT WIDTHS FOR CERTAIN REGULATORY ZONES; MODIFY COMMON OPEN SPACE DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS TO CLARIFY THAT DETENTION PONDS AND DRAINAGE FACILITIES CANNOT BE INCLUDED IN COMMON OPEN SPACE; MODIFY OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS TO ADD STANDARDS FOR THE NEW HOUSING TYPES AND MODIFY THE REQUIREMENTS FOR DUPLEXES; MODIFY LANDSCAPING EXEMPTIONS TO INCLUDE MIDDLE HOUSING TYPES AS AN EXEMPTION; MODIFY COMMON OPEN SPACE STANDARDS TO ADD DOG PARKS AND POCKET PARKS AS PERMISSIBLE TYPES OF OPEN SPACE AND REQUIRE COMMON OPEN SPACE FOR ALL MULTIFAMILY DEVELOPMENTS WITH FIVE OR MORE UNITS; AND ADD OR AMEND VARIOUS DEFINITIONS; AND ALL MATTERS NECESSARILY CONNECTED THEREWITH AND PERTAINING THERETO.

WHEREAS:

A. This Commission desires to amend the Washoe County Development Code (Chapter 110 of the Washoe County Code) at Article 300 Regulation of Uses: Title and Contents, Article 302 Allowed Uses, Article 304 Use Classification System, Article 306 Accessory Uses and Structures, Article 406 Building Placement Standards, Article 408 Common Open Space Development, Article 410 Parking and Loading, Article 412 Landscaping, Article 432 Open Space Standards, and Article 902 Definitions, and add Article 313 Employee and Cottage Court Housing to the Washoe County Development Code as set forth in this ordinance; and

- B. The Washoe County Planning Commission held a duly noticed public hearing for DCA24-0004 and initiated the proposed amendments to Washoe County Code Chapter 110, Articles 300, 302, 304, 306, 313, 406, 408, 410, 412, 432, and 902 by Resolution Number 24-17 on September 3, 2024; and
- C. The amendments and this ordinance were drafted in concert with the District Attorney; and
- D. Following a first reading and publication as required by NRS 244.100(1), and after a duly noticed public hearing, this Commission desires to adopt this Ordinance; and
- E. This Commission has determined that this ordinance is being adopted pursuant to requirements set forth in NRS Chapter 278; and therefore, it is not a "rule" as defined in NRS 237.060 requiring a business impact statement.

THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF WASHOE COUNTY DOES HEREBY ORDAIN:

<u>SECTION 1.</u> A new Section 110.306.28 of the Washoe County Code is added to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.306.28 Guest Quarters.</u> Guest quarters, attached or detached, are defined in Article 304, Use Classification System, under Section 110.304.15, Residential Use Types. Any guest quarters must adhere to the following requirements:

- (a) A main residential dwelling unit exists.
- (b) A minimum lot size of twelve thousand (12,000) square feet exists.
- (c) Compliance with the setback and height standards of the applicable regulatory zone and the lot coverage standards established in Article 406.
- (d) The guest quarters shall not exceed fifteen hundred (1,500) square feet, or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, whichever is smaller. In the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, the guest quarters unit shall not exceed twelve hundred (1,200) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. The maximum permitted square footage of a guest quarters shall not be increased by use of the variance process contained in Article 804, Variances.

- (e) Only one (1) accessory dwelling unit or guest quarters is allowed per parcel. Neither an accessory dwelling unit nor guest quarters is allowed on parcels with cottage court or multifamily developments.
- (f) The guest quarters shall not contain a kitchen.
- (g) Any guest quarters proposed to be connected to a potable water supply line or a septic system or community sewer system (i.e. sanitary sewer) as part of a building permit application shall require a deed restriction to be filed with the County Recorder's office stipulating that the structure will not be converted to an accessory dwelling unit, as defined in Section 110.304.15, or contain a kitchen. Said deed restriction shall make the County a party to the restriction and shall be obtained through the Planning and Building Division. A copy of the recorded deed restriction shall be required prior to the issuance of the building permit. The Planning and Building Division shall agree in writing to the removal of the deed restriction if the owner legally converts the guest quarters to an accessory dwelling unit (pursuant to the provisions of this article and applicable building codes) or if the structure has been permanently disconnected from the potable water supply and sanitary sewer system. Installation of both a kitchen (as defined in Article 902) and a toilet in a guest quarters shall render the structure as a dwelling unit.

SECTION 2. A new Section 110.313.00 of the Washoe County Code
is added to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.313.00 Purpose.</u> The purpose of this article, Article 313 Employee and Cottage Court Housing, is to set forth the regulations governing those use types on a parcel.

SECTION 3. A new Section 110.313.05 of the Washoe County Code is added to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.313.05 Cottage Court Developments.</u> Cottage court developments shall be subject to the following standards:

- (a) The maximum floor area for each cottage shall be 1,000 square feet. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the cottage, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space.
- (b) There must be a minimum separation of five feet between the building footprints of each cottage. On cottage sides with a main entrance, there must be a minimum separation of ten feet.
- (c) Attached or detached garages must not exceed 400 square feet in floor area per cottage.
- (d) A minimum of 200 square feet of common open space per cottage is required and is intended to be an amenity shared by all residents of the cottage court development. The common open space shall be completed prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the first cottage. The common open space must meet the following standards:
 - (1) Have a minimum average width of 20 feet.
 - (2) Be composed of one or more of the following amenities:

- (i) Shaded seating areas
- (ii) Shared garden area
- (iii) Sports court/field
- (iv) Pool
- (v) Large lawn area
- (vi) Park area
- (vii) Similar outdoor recreation facilities not otherwise prohibited in the development code, as approved by the Director of Planning and Building pursuant to a director's modification of standards.
- (e) A minimum of 60% of the cottages must be oriented around and have their main entrance facing common open space.
- (f) Pedestrian pathways at least four (4) feet in width meeting Americans with Disabilities Act surfacing requirements must be provided to connect parking facilities, cottages, and common open space.
- (g) Parking shall not be placed between the cottages and the common open space.
- (h) Community accessory structures are permitted, subject to the applicable standards of Article 306. They shall not count towards the minimum common open space square footage requirement.
- (i) Cottage court developments must be connected to sanitary sewer.

 $\underline{\mathtt{SECTION}\ 4.}$ A new Section 110.313.10 of the Washoe County Code is added to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.313.10 Employee Housing Dormitories.</u> Employee housing dormitory developments shall be subject to the following standards:

- (a) Bathroom facilities shall be provided. If individual rooms do not have a private bathroom with a shower, sink, and toilet, then at least one shower, sink, and toilet must be provided per five employees.
- (b) Employees shall have access to a kitchen. One fully furnished kitchen containing at a minimum a stove, oven, refrigerator and microwave shall be provided for every 10 employees.
- (c) Employees shall have access to common living and recreation space that will be identified through the special use permit process. The space(s) shall consist of a minimum of 100 square feet per the number of employees who could legally reside at the dormitory.

<u>SECTION 5.</u> A new Section 110.313.15 of the Washoe County Code is added to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.313.15 Employee Housing.</u> Employee housing, whether of a dormitory style or of complete and independent dwelling units, shall be subject to the following standards:

- (a) A designated property manager shall be identified during the permitting process to ensure that the premises are properly maintained. The name and number of the property manager shall be posted on the front doors of all areas occupied by employees and updated as needed.
- (b) Storage of inoperable vehicles and storage and/or habitation of recreational vehicles shall be prohibited on the premises.
- (c) Employees must reside in the housing for 28 days or longer.
- (d) Employee housing shall meet all standards for the applicable type of residential development (e.g. multifamily housing, single family detached housing, etc.).
- (e) If no residential density is established for the regulatory zoning district in which the employee housing is located, the maximum density shall be 14 units per acre.
- (f) A deed restriction shall be recorded on the property restricting the subject housing to be utilized solely as employee housing as defined and regulated per Washoe County Code.

<u>SECTION 6.</u> A new Section 110.406.60 of the Washoe County Code is added to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.406.60 Lot Coverage.</u> The establishment of buildings shall not exceed the following lot coverage limitations:

- (a) On lots in the High Density Suburban (HDS) and Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zones, the combined area (i.e. square footage) of all building footprints on the lot shall not exceed 50 percent of the total lot acreage;
- (b) On lots in the Low Density Suburban (LDS) Regulatory Zones, the combined area (i.e. square footage) of all building footprints on the lot shall not exceed 25 percent of the total lot acreage;
- (c) On lots in the High Density Rural (HDR) Regulatory Zone, the combined area (i.e. square footage) of all building footprints on the lot shall not exceed 20 percent of the total lot acreage;
- (d) On lots in the Medium Density Rural (MDR) Regulatory Zone, the combined area (i.e. square footage) of all building footprints on the lot shall not exceed 15 percent of the total lot acreage;
- (e) On lots in the Low Density Rural (LDR) Regulatory Zone, the combined area (i.e. square footage) of all building footprints on the lot shall not exceed ten percent of the total lot acreage or 80,000 square feet, whichever is less;
- (f) Exemptions to lot coverage limitations. Parcels 40 acres in size or larger in the General Rural (GR) and General Rural Agricultural (GRA) Regulatory Zones, and all parcels in the Commercial, Industrial, and Urban Regulatory Zones, are exempt from the lot coverage limitations of this section.

(g) On legal non-conforming lots, when the lot size does not meet the minimum lot size for the actual regulatory zone applicable to the lot, the allowed lot coverage under this section will be based on the regulatory zone thresholds set forth in this section for the next densest regulatory zone for which the actual lot size does meet the minimum lot size requirements.

<u>SECTION 7.</u> A new Section 110.408.28 of the Washoe County Code is added to read as follows:

Section 110.408.28 Findings Required for Common Open Space Developments. Prior to approving an application for a common open space development, the Planning Commission or Parcel Map Review Committee shall find that all of the following findings have been satisfied. This is to ensure that the benefits provided by the proposed common open space development are commensurate with the flexibility afforded by common open space development.

- (a) <u>Preserve or Provide Open Space</u>. The development preserves existing steep slope areas, developmentally constrained areas, and heavily treed areas from development and provides future residents an option for open space above and beyond any applicable minimum requirements of Article 432.
- (b) <u>Protect Natural and Scenic Resources</u>. The development identifies and protects natural and scenic resources, including but not limited to ridgelines, waterways, large diameter trees, and habitat for special status species.
- (c) <u>Achieve a More Efficient Use of Land</u>. The development utilizes density clustering to further protect and preserve open spaces.
- (d) <u>Minimize Road Building</u>. The development is designed in a manner that reduces the overall linear distance of roadways (e.g. cul-de-sacs).
- (e) <u>Encourage a Sense of Community</u>. The development provides community amenities such as trail connectivity, bike trails/walking trails, dog parks, playgrounds, pocket parks, etc.

<u>SECTION 8.</u> A new Section 110.410.32 of the Washoe County Code is added to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.410.32 Alleyway Standards.</u> Alleys may be appropriate in residential developments to provide rear access to houses. Alleys in residential zoning areas shall conform to the following requirements:

- (a) A minimum of twenty-six (26) foot-wide right-of-way or access easement.
- (b) A minimum of twenty (20) foot wide road shall be paved.
- (c) The alley shall meet the applicable width and pavement structure requirements of Article 436.

<u>SECTION 9.</u> Section 110.300.05 of the Washoe County Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.300.05 Contents.</u> Division Three consists of the following articles:

- (a) ARTICLE 300 REGULATION OF USES: TITLE AND CONTENTS
- (b) ARTICLE 302 ALLOWED USES
- (c) ARTICLE 304 USE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM
- (d) ARTICLE 306 ACCESSORY USES AND STRUCTURES
- (e) ARTICLE 308 HOME OCCUPATIONS
- (f) ARTICLE 310 TEMPORARY USES AND STRUCTURES
- (g) ARTICLE 312 FABRICATED HOUSING
- (h) ARTICLE 313 EMPLOYEE AND COTTAGE COURT HOUSING
- (hi) ARTICLE 314 MANUFACTURED HOME PARKS
- (ij) ARTICLE 316 RECREATIONAL VEHICLE PARKS
- (ik) ARTICLE 318 VACATION TIME SHARE UNITS
- (kl) ARTICLE 319 SHORT-TERM RENTALS (STRs)
- (Im) ARTICLE 320 BED AND BREAKFAST ESTABLISHMENTS
- (mn) ARTICLE 322 GROUP CARE FACILITIES
- (no) ARTICLE 324 COMMUNICATION FACILITIES
- (ep) ARTICLE 326 WIND MACHINES
- (pq) ARTICLE 328 GEOTHERMAL RESOURCES
- (qr) ARTICLE 330 DOMESTIC PETS AND LIVESTOCK
- (FS) ARTICLE 332 AGGREGATE FACILITIES
- (st) ARTICLE 334 MINING
- (tu) ARTICLE 336 AFFORDABLE HOUSING INCENTIVES (Reserved for Future Ordinance)
- (**uv**) ARTICLE 338 CHILD DAYCARE DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVES (Reserved for Future Ordinance)
- (**yw**) ARTICLE 340 INDUSTRIAL PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

<u>SECTION 10.</u> Section 110.302.05 of the Washoe County Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.302.05 Table of Uses.</u> The uses that are allowed in each regulatory zone are set forth in Table 110.302.05.1 through Table 110.302.05.5. The regulatory zones are indicated in Table 110.302.05.1 through Table 110.302.05.5 as follows:

- (a) Low Density Rural is indicated as "LDR";
- (b) Medium Density Rural is indicated as "MDR";
- (c) High Density Rural is indicated as "HDR";
- (d) Low Density Suburban is indicated as "LDS";
- (e) Medium Density Suburban is indicated as "MDS";
- (f) High Density Suburban is indicated as "HDS";
- (g) Low Density Urban is indicated as "LDU";
- (h) Medium Density Urban is indicated as "MDU";
- (i) High Density Urban is indicated as "HDU";
- (j) General Commercial is indicated as "GC";
- (k) Neighborhood Commercial/Office is indicated as "NC";
- (I) Tourist Commercial is indicated as "TC";
- (m) Industrial is indicated as "I";
- (n) Public/Semi-Public Facilities is indicated as "PSP";
- (o) Parks and Recreation is indicated as "PR";
- (p) Open Space is indicated as "OS";
- (q) General Rural is indicated as "GR"; and
- (r) General Rural Agricultural is indicated as "GRA."

Table 110.302.05.1

TABLE OF USES (Residential Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

Residential Use Types (Section 110.304.15)	LDR	MDR			MDS/ MDS 4	HDS	LDU	MDU	HDU	GC	NC	тс	ı	PSP	PR	os	GR	GRA
Family Residential																		
Duplex	-	-		₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	A	-	\$ 2	-	-	-	1	-	-	_
Multi Family, Minor	-	-	-	-			₽A	₽A	Α	-	s_2	-	-	1	-	-		
Multi Family	-	-	-	-		-	s ₂	s ₂	Α	-	s ₂	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Single Family, Attached		-		Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	1	s_2	1			Р	1		Α
Single Family, Detached	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	s_2	s_2	ı	s_2	1	-	ı	Р	ı	Α	Α
-Attached Accessory Dwelling	A	A	A	A	A	Α	Α	Α	Α	-	-	-	_	1	-	-	Α	Α
Detached Accessory Dwelling	Α¹	Αŧ	Αŧ	Αŧ	AR			-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	Αŧ	Α¹

DRAFT: August 13, 2024

1				ı	ı	ı	ı		ı				ı	ı			ı	
-Detached Accessory Structure	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	-	A	-	-	_	-	-	A	Α
Middle Housing																		
Duplex				Р	AR	Α	Α	Α	Α		Α							
Triplex	-	-	-		AR	Α	Α	Α	Α		Α				-			
Quadplex	1	-	-		AR	Α	Α	Α	Α		Α				-			
Cottage Court	1	-	-	Р	AR	Α	Α	Α	Α	-	Α	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accessory Residential																		
Attached Accessory Dwelling	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α								Α	Α
Detached Accessory	Α¹	Α¹	Α¹	Α¹	AR			-				-				-	Α¹	A ¹
Dwelling																		
Minor Accessory Dwelling	A ¹	Α¹	Α¹	Α¹	AR			ı				1			ı	1	Α¹	A ¹
Detached Accessory	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	-	Α						Α	Α
Structure																		
Guest Quarters	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α								Α	Α
Non-municipal Air Strips and	s ₂	-	-									s ₂	s ₂	s ₂			s ₂	
Glider Ports (Accessory Use)																		
Personal Landing Field	s_2											s_2	s ₂	s ₂			s ₂	
(Accessory Use)																		
Manufactured Home Parks	*	*	*	*	*	s ₂	s ₂	*	*								*	
Group Home	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α		s ₂				Р		Α	Α
Short-Term Rental	Not	e: All	of the	belov	v STR	Tiers r	equire	the is	ssuan	ce of	an ST	R peri	mit, re	gardle	ess of	requir	ed rev	/iew
(see Article 319)	prod	cess.																
Tier 1	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α					Α	Α
Tier 2	AR	AR	AR	AR	AR	AR	AR	AR	AR	Α	AR	Α			-		AR	AR
Tier 3		-	-							s ₁	s ₁	s ₁						
Employee Housing	-	-	-					-		s ₂	s ₂	s ₂			-	-		

Key:

--- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; AR = Administrative Review; P = Administrative Permit;
PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to 110.104.40(c); S₁ = Planning Commission Special Use Permit;
S₂ = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit; * = Allowed with a Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit in areas designated Trailer (TR) Overlay zone prior to adoption of this Development Code, A¹ = Administrative Review required on parcels half an acre or smaller.

Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

Table 110.302.05.2

TABLE OF USES (Civic Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

Civic Use Types (Section 110.304.20)	LDR	MDR	HDR	LDS/ LDS 2	MDS/ MDS 4	HDS	LDU	MDU	HDU	GC	NC	тс	ı	PSP	PR	os	GR	GRA
Administrative Services			1		1		Р	Р	Р	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Р	ı	ı	
Child Care																		
Family Daycare	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	-	Α	ı	-	ı	ı	ı	Α	Α
Large-Family Daycare	s_2	s ₂	s_2	s ₂	s ₂	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2	-	Р	ı	-	ı	ı	ı	Р	s_2
Child Daycare	s_2	s ₂	s_2	s ₂	s ₂	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	s_2	ı	s_2	
Communication Facilities																		
Commercial Antennas	s_2	s ₂	s_2					-		s ₂	s ₂	-	s ₂	s_2	-	1	s_2	
Satellite Dish Antennas	See	Article	e 324															
Wireless Communication Facilities	See	Article	e 324															
Community Center		-	ı	-	-		Р	Р	Р	Α	s ₂	Α	-	Α	Α	ı	ı	
Community Garden	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Convalescent Services		-	ı	s_2	s ₂	s_2	Р	Р	Р	Р	s ₂	ı	-	Р	ı	ı	ı	
Cultural and Library Services	s_2	s ₂	s_2	s ₂	s ₂	s_2	s_2	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	-	Α	Α	1	Α	s_2
Education																		
Private School Facilities	s_2	s ₂	s_2	s ₂	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2	s ₂	s ₂	s_2		s_2	s_2	1	s_2	s_2
Public School Facilities	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α		Α	Α	1	Α	Α
Group Care Facility	s_2	s ₂	s_2	s ₂	s ₂	s ₂	s ₂	s_2	s ₂	Р	Р						s_2	
Hospital Services			ı		-			1		Α	s_2	ı		Α	ı	1	1	s_2
Major Services and Utilities																		
Utility Services	s ₂	s_2	s_2	s_2	s ₂	s_2	s ₂	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2							
Major Public Facilities										s ₂		s_2	s ₂	s_2	s_2		s_2	
Nature Center										s ₂		s ₂			s ₂		s_2	
Parks and Recreation																		
Active Recreation	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	Α	Α		PR	s_2
Passive Recreation	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Postal Services					-		Р	Р	Р	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	-	-		-
Public Parking Services			-		-			Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	-			
Public Service Yard			-		-			-				-	Α	s_2		-	s_2	Α
Religious Assembly	s ₂	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2	s ₂	s_2	s_2	s_2	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	-	s_2	Α
Safety Services	s ₂	s ₂	s_2	s ₂		s ₂												

Key: -- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to Section 110.104.40(c); S₁ = Planning Commission Special Use Permit; S₂ = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit

Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

Table 110.302.05.3

TABLE OF USES (Commercial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

Commercial Use Types (Section 110.304.25)	LDR	MDR	HDR	LDS/ LDS 2	MDS/ MDS 4	HDS	LDU	MDU	HDU	GC	NC	тс	I	PSP	PR	os	GR	GRA
Administrative Offices							Р	Р	Р	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Р			
Adult Characterized Business (see Chapter 25, Washoe County Code)																		
Animal Sales and Services																		
Commercial Kennels	s_2	s ₂	s_2	s ₂				-		s ₂			s_2				s_2	s_2
Commercial Stables	s_2	s ₂	s_2	s ₂				-				s_2			s ₂		s ₂	s ₂
																		See
																		e 226
																		Varm ings
																		cels.
Dog Training Services (see Article 330	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	A	Α
Grooming and Pet Stores	-	-	-	s_2	s ₂	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2	Α	Α	-	-	-	-			
Pet Cemeteries	Р	Р	Р	-			-		-	s_2	-	-	-	Α	-		Р	
Veterinary Services, Agricultural	Р	Р	Р	Р	-		-	1	-	s_2	-	-	-	-			s_2	s_2
Veterinary Services, Pets				s_2	s ₂	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2	Α	Α		Р		-			s_2
Automotive and Equipment																		
Automotive Repair	1	-	1	-	-			1		Р			Α					
Automotive Sales and Rentals	-		-					-	s ₂	Α	Α	Α	Α					
Cleaning							s_2	s_2	s_2	Α	Α	Α	Α					
Commercial Parking							Р	Р	Р	Α	Α	Α	Α	Р				
Equipment Repair and Sales										s_2			Α					
Fabricated Housing Sales										Α			Α					
Storage of Operable Vehicles	-									s_2			Α					
Truck Stops										s_2		s_2	s_2					
Building Maintenance Services	-									Α	Α		Α					
Commercial Centers																		
Neighborhood Centers				s ₂	s ₂	s_2	Р	Р	Р	Α	Α	Α	Α					
Community Centers										s_2	s_2	s_2						
Regional Centers										s_2		s ₂						
Commercial Educational Services							Р	Р	Р	Α	Α		Α	Α				
Commercial Recreation																		
Commercial Campground Facilities/RV Park	-		-		-			-				s ₂			s ₂		s ₂	s ₂
Destination Resorts												s ₂			s_2		s_2	s_2
Indoor Entertainment										Α	Р	Α		Р				
Indoor Sports and Recreation										s_2	s_2	Р	s ₂	Р	Р			

Key:

^{-- =} Not allowed; A = Allowed; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to Section 110.104.40(c); S₁ =

Planning Commission Special Use Permit; $S_2 = Board$ of Adjustment Special Use Permit * The provisions listed in Table 110.302.05.3 requiring a special use permit for Commercial Stables [as defined in Section 110.304.25(c)(2)] in GR and GRA are hereby modified to be consistent with Article 226, Warm Springs Area.

Table 110.302.05.3 (continued)

TABLE OF USES (Commercial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

Commercial Use Types (Section 110.304.25)	LDR	MDR	HDR	LDS/ LDS 2	MDS/ MDS 4	HDS	LDU	MDU	HDU	GC	NC	тс	ı	PSP	PR	os	GR	GRA
Limited Gaming Facilities	1				1					Р	Р	Р	s ₂				1	
Marinas	-				-					Р	-	Р		Р	Р		Р	s_2
Outdoor Entertainment	-										1	s_2	s ₂		s_2		-	
Outdoor Sports and Recreation	s_2	s_2	s_2	s ₂	s ₂	s ₂	s_2	s ₂	s ₂	Р	Р	Ρ	Р	s ₂	Р	-	Ρ	s_2
Outdoor Sports Club	s_2			-	-						ı	s_2	-	s ₂	Р	-	s_2	s_2
Unlimited Gaming Facilities												s_2						
Construction Sales and Services	-									s_2	-	-	Α				-	
Continuum of Care Facilities, Seniors	1				s ₂	1					1	1						
Convention and Meeting Facilities										Р	Р	Р		Р	s_2			
Data Center										s ₂	s_2	s_2	Α	s ₂			s_2	
Eating and Drinking Establishments																		
Convenience							s ₂	s ₂	s ₂	Α	Α	Α	Р					
Full Service							s ₂	s ₂	s ₂	Α	Α	Α	Р					
Financial Services	1			-	-	-	s_2	s ₂	s ₂	Α	Α	Α	Р	-		-	1	1
Funeral and Internment Services																		
Cemeteries	Ρ	Р	Р	-	-	-		-	-	s_2	ı	1	-	Α		-	Р	s_2
Undertaking	1			-	-					Α	Α	1					1	1
Gasoline Sales and Service Stations	1	-	-	-	-	-	s_2	s_2	s_2	Α	Α	Α	Α	-		-	s_2	ı
Helicopter Services																		
Heliport	1			-	-	-		-	-	s_2	ı	1	s ₂	s ₂		-	s_2	1
Helistop	s_2				-					s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2			s_2	-
Liquor Manufacturing	-						Р	Р	Р	Α	Р	Α	Α				-	
Liquor Sales																		
Off-Premises	-	-	-	-	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Α	Α	Α	Р	-		-	-	1
On-Premises	1			-	-		Р	Р	Р	Α	Р	Α	Р				1	1
Lodging Services																		
Bed and Breakfast Inns	s ₂	s ₂	s_2	s ₂	s ₂	s ₂	s_2	s ₂	s ₂	s_2	-	Р					s ₂	s ₂
Condominium Hotel	-				-					Α	s ₂	Α						
Hostels	-										-	Р			Р			
Hotels and Motels	-	-			-					Α	s_2	Α					-	
Vacation Time Shares	-											Р						

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Table 110.302.05.3 (continued)

TABLE OF USES (Commercial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

Commercial Use Types (Section 110.304.25)	LDR	MDR	HDR	LDS/ LDS 2	MDS/ MDS 4	HDS	LDU	MDU	HDU	GC	NC	тс	I	PSP	PR	os	GR	GRA
Marijuana Establishments																		
Marijuana Cultivation Facility	-	-	-	-	ı					Α	-	-	Α				-	-
Marijuana Product Manufacturing Facility	1	1	1	1	1					Α	1	1	Α				1	-
Marijuana Testing Facility	1	1	1	1	ı					Α	1	-	Α				-	-
Retail Marijuana Store/ Medical Dispensary										Α	Α	Α	Α					
Marijuana Distributor										Α			Α					
Medical Services	-	-	-	-			s_2	s_2	s_2	Α	Α			Α				
Nursery Sales																		
Retail										Α	Α		Α					
Wholesale	s ₂	s ₂	s ₂							Α			Α				s_2	Α
Personal Services	-	-	-	-			Р	Р	Р	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α			-	
Personal Storage	-	-	-	-	-		s_2	s ₂	s ₂	Α	s_2	-	Α				-	
Professional Services	ı	ı	ı	ı	-	-	Р	Р	Р	Α	Α	1	Р	-	-	-	1	-
Recycle Center																		
Full Service Recycle Center										s_2			Α					
Remote Collection Facility	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Α	Р	Р			
Residential Hazardous Substance Recycle Center										s ₂			s ₂					
Repair Services, Consumer										Α	Α		Α					-
Retail Sales																		
Convenience	-	-	-	s_2	s ₂	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2	Α	Α	Α	Α	-	-	-	-	1
Specialty Stores	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	Α	Р	Α	-	-	-	-		-
Comparison Shopping Centers										Α		Α						-
Secondhand Sales	-	-	-	-	-					Α	-							
Transportation Services	-	-	-	-	-					Α	Α	Α	Α				-	
Winery	Α	Α	Α	Р	Р												Α	Α
Winery with Special Events	Р	Р	Р	1						1		1					Р	Р

Key: --- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to Section 110.104.40(c); S₁ = Planning Commission Special Use Permit; S₂ = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit

Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

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Table 110.302.05.4

TABLE OF USES (Industrial Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

Industrial Use Types (Section 110.304.30)	LDR	MDR	HDR	LDS/ LDS 2	MDS/ MDS 4	HDS	LDU	MDU	HDU	GC	NC	тс	ļ	PSP	PR	os	GR	GRA	SP
Aggregate Facilities																			
Permanent	s_2		-			-	-	-	-		-	1	s ₂	-	-	-	s_2	-	
Temporary	See	e Article	332																
Caretaker's Residence																			
Attached	ı		-	-		-	-	-	1	-	-	ı	Α	1	-	-	-	1	SP
Detached	1		-			-	-	-	-		-	1	Р	-	-	-	-	-	SP
Custom Manufacturing	s_2	s ₂	S ₂							s_2		s_2	Α				s_2		SP
Energy Production																			
Non-Renewable*	s_2	s ₂	-			-	-	-	-		-	1	s ₂	s_2	-	s_2	s_2	-	
Renewable*	s_2	s ₂	-							s_2		s_2	s_2	s_2		S ₂	s_2	s_2	SP
General Industrial																			
Limited							-				-		Α		-				SP
Intermediate	-		-									-	Α						SP
Heavy							-				-		s_2		-				
High Technology Industry	-						-		-	s ₂	s ₂	-	Α	-			s ₂	-	SP
Inoperable Vehicle Storage	-		-									-	s_2						SP
Laundry Services	-		-							Р		-	Α						SP
Mining Operations	s_2						-		-		-	-	s ₂	-			s ₂	-	
Petroleum Gas Extraction	-		-									-	s_2			s_2	s_2		
Salvage Yards							-						s ₂						
Wholesaling, Storage and Distribution																			
Light										-	-		Α		-				SP
Heavy	ı		-	-		-	-	-		-	-	ı	Р		-	-	-	1	-

Key:

--- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to Section 110.104.40(c); S₁ = Planning Commission Special Use Permit; S₂ = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit

Note: * If a special use permit for an energy production project meets the criteria for a project of regional significance, that special use permit will be reviewed by the Washoe County Planning Commission.

Sources:

Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

Table 110.302.05.5

TABLE OF USES (Agricultural Use Types) (See Sections 110.302.10 and 110.302.15 for explanation)

Agricultural Use Types (Section 110.304.15)	LDR	MDR		LDS/ LDS 2	MDS/ MDS 4	LDU	MDU	HDU	GC	NC	тс	I	PSP	PR	os	GR	GRA
Agricultural Processing		-		-		 						Α			-	s ₂	Α
Agricultural Sales	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2		 		-	Α	ı	1	Α	-	ı	1	s_2	Α
Animal Production	Α	Α	Α	Α		 		-		ı	1		-	s_2	s_2	Α	Α
Animal Slaughtering, Agricultural	Α	Α	Α	Α		 		-		-	-		-	Α	Α	Α	Α

Animal Slaughtering, Commercial							 	 		 s ₂	 			
Animal Slaughtering, Mobile	s_2	s_2	s_2	s_2		-	 	 -		 	 -		s_2	s_2
Crop Production	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	-	 	 Α	Α	 	 PR	Α	Α	Α
Forest Products	s_2	s ₂	s ₂	-		-	 	 -		 	 -	s ₂	Р	-
Game Farms	s_2	s_2	s_2	-			 	 -		 	 -	s_2	s_2	s_2
Produce Sales	s_2	s_2	S_2	S_2			 	 -		 	 		Α	Α

Key: -- = Not allowed; A = Allowed; P = Administrative Permit; PR = Park Commission Approval pursuant to Section 110.104.40(c); S₁ = Planning Commission Special Use Permit; S₂ = Board of Adjustment Special Use Permit

Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development

<u>SECTION 11.</u> Section 110.304.15 of the Washoe County Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.304.15</u> Residential Use Types. Residential use types include the occupancy of living accommodations, but exclude institutional living arrangements providing twenty-four-hour skilled nursing, custodial or medical care and those providing forced residence, such as asylums and prisons.

- (a) <u>Family Residential.</u> The family residential use type refers to the occupancy of living quarters by one (1) or more families households. The following are family residential use types:
 - Attached Accessory Dwelling Unit. An attached accessory dwelling unit is a portion of or an addition to a single-family main dwelling that has been designed or configured to be used as a separate and independent dwelling unit. An attached accessory dwelling unit includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities, but may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities, all separated from the main unit by walls or ceilings and accessed through a lockable exterior or interior door. Except in the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, the High Density Suburban (HDS) Regulatory Zone, and all urban regulatory zones, the attached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit or 1,500 square feet, whichever is smaller. In the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, the High Density Suburban (HDS) Regulatory Zone, and all urban regulatory zones, the attached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit or 1,200 square feet, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. An attached accessory dwelling may be created by converting part of, or adding on to, an existing single family main dwelling. To be considered attached, the accessory dwelling unit must abut (i.e. be on the opposite side of a wall or ceiling) the habitable space of the main dwelling, or the ceiling of a garage attached to the main dwelling. Incidental and accessory features such as trellises, decks, patios, breezeways, or tool sheds will not be considered as establishing an attached structure/dwelling. Typical uses include guest rooms, guest apartments and "granny flats."
 - (2) <u>Detached Accessory Dwelling Unit.</u> A detached accessory dwelling unit refers to a dwelling unit on the same lot as the main dwelling unit, but which is physically separated from the main dwelling unit. A detached accessory dwelling unit is

designed and configured to provide independent living facilities for one or more persons, and includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities, but which may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities. Except in the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, a detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed fifteen hundred (1,500) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, whichever is smaller. In the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, the detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed twelve hundred (1,200) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. Typical uses include guest houses, second units, "granny flats" and caretaker's quarters.

- (3) Detached Accessory Structure. A detached accessory structure refers to a building or structure on the same lot as the main residential structure and devoted to a use incidental to that main residential structure. A detached accessory structure is not designed, configured, or used for human habitation. The detached accessory structure may be connected to water and wastewater systems subject to the recordation of a deed restriction prohibiting the use of the structure as a dwelling unit. Installation of both a kitchen (as defined in Article 902) and a toilet in a detached accessory structure shall render the structure as a dwelling unit and subject to the accessory dwelling unit provisions. Typical uses include storage buildings and sheds, barns and detached garages.
- (4) <u>Duplex.</u> Duplex refers to the use of a parcel for two (2) dwelling units in a single structure.
- (51) Multi-Family, Minor. Multi-family, minor refers to the use of a parcel for between three (3) five (5) and twenty (20) or more dwelling units within one (1) or more buildings, including condominium developments excluding cottage court developments.
- (2) <u>Multi-Family.</u> Multi-family refers to the use of a parcel for twenty-one (21) or more dwelling units within one (1) or more buildings, excluding cottage court developments.
- (63) <u>Single Family, Attached.</u> Single family, attached refers to two (2) or more dwelling units constructed with a common or abutting wall with each located on its own separate parcel. **Typical uses include townhomes or condominiums**.
- (74) <u>Single Family, Detached.</u> Single family, detached refers to the use of a parcel for only one (1) dwelling unit.
- Minor Accessory Dwelling Unit. A minor accessory dwelling unit refers to a type of detached accessory dwelling unit that is under five hundred (500) square feet. A minor accessory dwelling unit is designed and configured to provide independent living facilities for one or more persons, and includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities, but which may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities. The minor accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit or 500 square feet, whichever is smaller. Typical uses include guest houses, second units, "granny flats" and caretaker's quarters.

- (b) <u>Middle Housing.</u> The middle housing use types refer to a range of housing with multiple dwelling units that are compatible in scale with detached single-family housing.
 - (1) <u>Duplex.</u> Duplex refers to the use of a parcel for two (2) dwelling units in a single structure.
 - (2) <u>Triplex.</u> Triplex refers to the use of a parcel for three (3) dwelling units in a single structure.
 - (3) Quadplex. Quadplex refers to the use of a parcel for four (4) dwelling units in a single structure.
 - (4) Cottage Court. Cottage court refers to a housing development of between two (2) and twelve (12) small-scale single family detached dwellings on one parcel that interact together as a small community and meet the standards of WCC 110.313.05.
- (b) <u>Manufactured Home Parks.</u> Manufactured home parks use type refers to the occupancy of a dwelling unit defined as a mobile home or a manufactured home and which is located in a site defined as a manufactured home park.
- (c) Group Home. Group home use type refers to the occupancy of a single family dwelling by and the care for a group of ten (10) or fewer persons on a weekly or longer basis who are not defined as a family. The number of persons who reside in a group home excludes any caregivers and their family who also reside in the single family residence.
 - (1) This term includes specifically the following uses:
 - (i) Residential facility for groups; or
 - (ii) Home for individual residential care;
 - (iii) Halfway house for recovering alcohol or drug abusers;
 - (iv) Group foster home.
 - (2) The term group home does not include a child care institution or a facility for transitional living for released offenders.
- (c) <u>Accessory Residential.</u> Accessory residential refers to use types that are accessory to family residential and middle housing use types. They cannot be established independent of these primary use types and are not considered in calculations of density.
 - (1) Attached Accessory Dwelling Unit. An attached accessory dwelling unit is a portion of or an addition to a dwelling unit that has been designed or configured to be used as a separate and independent dwelling unit. An attached accessory dwelling unit includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities, but may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities, all separated from the main unit by walls or ceilings and accessed through a lockable exterior or interior door. An attached accessory dwelling may be created by converting part of, or adding on to, an existing single family main dwelling. To be considered attached, the accessory

dwelling unit must abut (i.e. be on the opposite side of a wall or ceiling) the habitable space of the main dwelling, or the ceiling of a garage attached to the main dwelling. Incidental and accessory features such as trellises, decks, patios, breezeways, or tool sheds will not be considered as establishing an attached structure/dwelling. Typical uses include second units, guest rooms, and guest apartments.

- (2) <u>Detached Accessory Dwelling Unit.</u> A detached accessory dwelling unit refers to a dwelling unit on the same lot as the main dwelling unit, but which is physically separated from the main dwelling unit. A detached accessory dwelling unit is designed and configured to provide independent living facilities for one or more persons, and includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities, but which may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities. Typical uses include second units and caretaker's quarters.
- (3) Minor Accessory Dwelling Unit. A minor accessory dwelling unit refers to a type of detached accessory dwelling unit that is under five hundred (500) square feet. A minor accessory dwelling unit is designed and configured to provide independent living facilities for one or more persons, and includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities, but which may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities. Typical uses include second units and caretaker's quarters.
- (4) <u>Detached Accessory Structure.</u> A detached accessory structure refers to a building or structure on the same lot as the main residential structure and devoted to a use incidental to that main residential structure. A detached accessory structure is not designed, configured, or used for human habitation. Installation of both a kitchen (as defined in Article 902) and a toilet in a detached accessory structure shall render the structure as a dwelling unit and subject to the accessory dwelling unit provisions. Typical uses include storage buildings and sheds, barns and detached garages.
- (5) <u>Guest Quarters.</u> Guest quarters refers to a detached accessory structure or an attached accessory space with no internal access to the main dwelling that contains living space, including a bedroom and/or bathroom, but no kitchen or cooking facilities. Incidental and accessory features such as trellises, decks, patios, breezeways, or tool sheds will not be considered as establishing an attached structure/dwelling.
- (d) Short-term rental. Short-term rental (STR) refers to existing single-family dwelling units where, for compensation, lodging is provided within either the entire home or a portion of the home for a rental period of less than 28-days. STRs may be permitted to operate out of legally permitted, permanent dwelling units or accessory dwelling units in accordance with the standards within Article 319. Short-term rentals are distinguishable from commercial lodging use types in that no meals may be provided within short-term rentals as part of the rental agreement and the home may only be rented out for short-term rental use to one group at a time. STRs are also often referred to as vacation rentals and are commonly made available through property management companies or online booking platforms. The following are short-term rental use types:
 - (1) <u>Tier 1 Short-Term Rental.</u> A Tier 1 STR has a maximum occupancy of 10 persons or fewer.

- (2) <u>Tier 2 Short-Term Rental.</u> A Tier 2 STR has a maximum occupancy of 11-20 persons and due to its higher occupancy, may require additional limitations to ensure compatibility with surrounding residential properties.
- (3) Tier 3 Short-Term Rental. A Tier 3 STR has a maximum occupancy of 21 or more persons. This highest tier of STRs is still operated out of a pre-existing dwelling unit, but due to the high number of occupants, is expected to have more significant impacts to surrounding properties. As a result, it is considered inappropriate to be located in residential regulatory zones, but may be appropriate on properties with commercial regulatory zones that are located nearer tourist and commercial services.
- (e) <u>Employee Housing.</u> Employee housing refers to a building or a portion of a building where, for compensation or a benefit of employment, lodging is provided. Such lodging can be fully independent dwelling units or be of a dormitory style meeting the requirements of Section 110.313.10. Employee housing must meet all applicable standards for the subject housing type.
- (f) <u>Manufactured Home Parks.</u> Manufactured home parks use type refers to the occupancy of a dwelling unit defined as a mobile home or a manufactured home and which is located in a site defined as a manufactured home park.
- (g) Group Home. Group home use type refers to the occupancy of a single family dwelling or cottage court by a group of ten (10) or fewer persons on a weekly or longer basis who are cared for by a professional caregiver. The number of persons who reside in a group home excludes any caregivers and their family who also reside in the group home.
 - (1) This term includes specifically the following uses:
 - (i) Residential facility for groups; or
 - (ii) Home for individual residential care;
 - (iii) Halfway house for recovering alcohol or drug abusers;
 - (iv) Group foster home.
 - (2) The term group home does not include a child care institution or a facility for transitional living for released offenders.

<u>SECTION 12.</u> Section 110.306.10 of the Washoe County Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.306.10 Detached Accessory Structures.</u> Detached accessory structures are defined in Article 304, Use Classification System, under Section 110.304.15, Residential Use Types. The following development requirements shall apply to detached accessory structures:

(a) <u>Lot Coverage.</u> The establishment of detached accessory structures shall not exceed the following lot coverage limitations set forth in Article 406.÷

- (1) On lots in the High Density Suburban (HDS) and Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zones, the combined area (i.e. square footage) of all building footprints on the lot shall not exceed 50 percent of the total lot acreage;
- (2) On lots in the Low Density Suburban (LDS) Regulatory Zones, the combined area (i.e. square footage) of all building footprints on the lot shall not exceed 25 percent of the total lot acreage;
- (3) On lots in the High Density Rural (HDR) Regulatory Zone, the combined area (i.e. square footage) of all building footprints on the lot shall not exceed 20 percent of the total lot acreage;
- (4) On lots in the Medium Density Rural (MDR) Regulatory Zone, the combined area (i.e. square footage) of all building footprints on the lot shall not exceed 15 percent of the total lot acreage;
- (5) On lots in the Low Density Rural (LDR) Regulatory Zone, the combined area (i.e. square footage) of all building footprints on the lot shall not exceed ten percent of the total lot acreage or 80,000 square feet, whichever is less;
- (6) Exemptions to lot coverage limitations. Parcels 40 acres in size or larger in the General Rural (GR) and General Rural Agricultural (GRA) Regulatory Zones, and all parcels in the Commercial, Industrial, and Urban Regulatory Zones, are exempt from the lot coverage limitations of this section.
- (7) On legal non-conforming lots, when the lot size does not meet the minimum lot size for the actual regulatory zone applicable to the lot, the allowed lot coverage under this section will be based on the regulatory zone thresholds set forth in this section for the next densest regulatory zone for which the actual lot size does meet the minimum lot size requirements.

(b) Setbacks.

- (1) Accessory structures 12 feet in height or less may be located within the required rear and side yard setbacks provided they are five feet or more from the rear and side property line. The height of an accessory structure located within the required rear and side yard setback as provided in this subsection shall be measured from the lowest finished grade of the structure to the average height of the highest gable of a pitched or hipped roof. Except as otherwise specifically provided, all accessory structures are prohibited within the required front yard setback.
- (2) Accessory structures more than 12 feet in height shall comply with the yard setbacks for the main dwelling units stipulated in Article 406, Building Placement Standards. Except as otherwise specifically provided, no accessory structure shall exceed 35 feet in height.
- (c) <u>Height Limits.</u> The height of an accessory structure located outside of all required setbacks shall be measured in accordance with the building height provision in Article 902 of this Code.
- (d) <u>Permitting Requirements.</u> A proposal to establish a detached accessory structure shall meet the following requirements:

- (1) A detached accessory structure on parcels half an acre or less can be 1,200 SF or smaller in size;
- (2) A detached accessory structure on parcels larger than half an acre but smaller than or equal to 1 acre can be 2,500 SF or smaller in size;
- (3) A detached accessory structure on parcels larger than 1 acre but smaller than or equal to 5 acres can be 5,000 SF or smaller in size;
- (4) A detached accessory structure on parcels larger than 5 acres can be 7,500 SF or smaller in size;
- (5) An Administrative Review Permit (pursuant to Article 809) is required for any detached accessory structure less than or equal to 50% larger than the above allowed-by-right square footages (e.g. up to 1,800 SF on parcels half an acre or less, etc.);
- (6) An Administrative Permit (pursuant to Article 808) is required for any detached accessory structure more than 50% larger than the above allowed-by-right square footages (e.g. over 1,800 SF on parcels half an acre or less, etc.);
- (7) Parcels 40 acres in size or larger in the General Rural (GR) and General Rural Agricultural (GRA) Regulatory Zones, and all parcels in the Commercial and Industrial Regulatory Zones, are exempt from a maximum size requirement; and
- (8) Detached accessory structures shall not have reflective siding or roofing materials. Review of discretionary permits for detached accessory structures should consider the structure's neighborhood and residential compatibility, potentially including but not limited to, siding material, roofing material, structure articulation, structure height, and structure location.
- (e) <u>Location/Slopes.</u> A detached accessory structure used as a private garage on any interior lot where the slope of the front half of the lot is greater than a two foot rise (or fall) for every ten feet above (or below) the established street grade may be built to the property line, provided such structure shall not exceed 15 feet in interior height when measured from parking surface and providing the Engineering Division has been able to determine that:
 - (1) County snow removal operations will not be impeded or sufficient measures have been incorporated in the structure's design to mitigate an impediment to County snow removal operations and/or the County has been held harmless from liability resulting from the County's snow removal operations;
 - (2) The speed of traffic and the volume of traffic on the street is such that the placing of the garage at the property line will not cause a safety problem for vehicles using the street; and
 - (3) The placement of the garage at the property line will not impede the ability of the County to widen the street in accordance with the adopted Capital Improvements Program, or in accordance with a possible widening of the street as shown in the adopted Master Plan.
- (f) <u>Building Setback.</u> A detached accessory structure shall not be located closer than ten feet to any main building on an adjoining parcel.

- (g) <u>Cargo Containers.</u> Cargo containers, as defined within Article 902, Definitions, may be established as a detached accessory structure for the sole purpose of storage subject to the provisions below.
 - (1) All cargo containers must adhere to the following regulations:
 - (i) Must meet all Washoe County placement standards for a detached accessory structure.
 - (ii) Only one cargo container of not more than 200 square feet of floor space shall be allowed on a parcel of land less than one-half acre in size; two cargo containers of any size shall be allowed on a parcel of land between one half acre and five acres in size. Parcels larger than five acres are limited to one container (of any size) per acre or portion thereof.
 - (iii) The cargo container shall be painted one, solid, muted color that blends with the surrounding vegetation, structures or topography.
 - (iv) All cargo containers shall be free from severe damage, shall not be structurally altered, and shall be free from severe rust. The Director of the Planning and Building Division shall have the authority to determine if these standards have been met.
 - a. A cargo container may potentially be used as structural support for other elements of a detached accessory structure as long as the container is not structurally altered; the overall design has been stamped by a qualified engineer; and a building permit is obtained for the overall structure.
 - (v) Shall not include plumbing fixtures.
 - (vi) Shall not be stacked; except in the Commercial and Industrial regulatory zones with an established commercial or industrial use type, and then not stacked above two high. Setback requirements shall be determined by the total height of the stacked structure.
 - (vii) Shall not display off-premise advertising, company logos, names, or other markings painted on, or otherwise attached to, the exterior of the cargo container.
 - (viii) Shall not occupy any required off-street parking spaces for the site.
 - (ix) Shall be separated from any other structure or storage shed by a minimum of ten feet, with the following exception:
 - a. Cargo containers may be placed side-by-side, with no separation between the individual containers, up to a maximum grouping of four containers where more than one cargo container is allowed on a property. Any such grouping of containers shall be a minimum of 20 feet from any other structure, storage shed, or other cargo container(s). This does not allow for placement of cargo containers end-to-end.

- (x) Cargo containers do not require a placement permit from the Planning and Building Division, except within Commercial or Industrial regulatory zones or as otherwise noted within this section.
- (xi) Any electrical wiring or HVAC components shall require a building permit from the Planning and Building Division.
- (xii) Shall not be established as an Agricultural Building as a Main Use pursuant to Article 330, Domestic Pets and Livestock, of this Development Code.
- (2) Cargo containers placed on parcels one and one quarter acre or less in size must also adhere to the following regulations:
 - (i) Shall not be placed between a residence and the adjoining street or road right-of-way that provides primary access to the residence.
 - a. On a parcel fronted by two or more street or road right-of-ways, the Director of the Planning and Building Division shall have the authority to determine the primary access to the residence.
- (h) Deed Restriction Required for Connection to Water or Wastewater Facilities. Any detached accessory structure proposed to be connected to a potable water supply line or a septic system or community sewer system (i.e. sanitary sewer) as part of a building permit application shall require a deed restriction to be filed with the County Recorder's office stipulating that the structure will not be converted to an accessory dwelling unit as defined in Section 110.304.15 or used for permanent habitation. Said deed restriction shall make the County a party to the restriction and shall be obtained through the Planning and DevelopmentBuilding Division. A copy of the recorded deed restriction shall be required prior to the issuance of the building permit. The Planning and DevelopmentBuilding Division shall agree in writing to the removal of the deed restriction if the owner legally converts the accessory structure to an accessory dwelling unit (pursuant to the provisions of this article and applicable building codes) or if the structure has been permanently disconnected from the potable water supply and sanitary sewer system. Installation of both a kitchen (as defined in Article 902) and a toilet in a detached accessory structure shall render the structure as a dwelling unit subject to the provisions of this article.
- (i) <u>Use of Mobile/Manufactured Homes as Detached Accessory Structures.</u> A detached accessory structure shall not be comprised of a mobile or manufactured home due to Federal Housing and Urban Development (HUD) standards prohibiting the removal or modification of any interior structural components, such as plumbing fixtures (see HUD 24 CFR Part 3280).
- (j) <u>Hoop Houses and High Tunnels.</u> Hoop houses and high tunnels, as defined in Section 110.902.15, General Definitions, may be established subject to the following regulations:
 - (1) Must meet all Washoe County placement standards for a detached accessory structure;
 - (2) Are exempt from the lot coverage limitations **established in Article 406**established in Section 110.306.10(a); and
 - (3) The height of a hoop house or high tunnel at its tallest point shall not exceed the allowable height for the regulatory zone within which it is located.

<u>SECTION 13.</u> Section 110.306.20 of the Washoe County Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.306.20 Attached Accessory Dwellings.</u> Attached accessory dwellings are defined in Article 304, Use Classification System, under Section 110.304.15, Residential Use Types. Attached accessory dwellings are permitted in the General Rural (GR), General Rural Agricultural (GRA), and the Residential Regulatory Zones, pursuant to all of the following regulations:

- (a) A main residential unit exists and no other accessory dwelling unit has been established.
- (b) A minimum lot area of five-thousand (5,000) square feet exists.
- (c) Compliance with the setback and height standards of the regulatory zone and the lot coverage standards enumerated in established in Article 406. Section 110.306.10(a).
- (d) Parcels with single-family dwellings. Except in the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, the High Density Suburban (HDS) Regulatory Zone, and all urban regulatory zones, the attached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit or fifteen hundred (1,500) square feet, whichever is smaller. In the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, the High Density Suburban Regulatory Zone, and all urban regulatory zones, the attached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit or 1,200 square feet, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space.
- (e) Parcels with duplex, triplex, or quadplex. The attached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed 800 square feet. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the attached accessory dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. A maximum of one accessory dwelling unit or guest quarters is permitted per parcel.
- (ef) An attached accessory dwelling unit may be created by converting part of, or adding on to, an existing single family main dwelling unit. To be considered attached, the accessory dwelling unit must abut (i.e. be on the opposite side of a wall or ceiling) the habitable space of the main dwelling, or the ceiling of a garage attached to the main dwelling. Incidental and accessory features such as trellises, decks, patios, breezeways, or tool sheds will not be considered as establishing an attached structure/dwelling. Any exterior entrance to the attached accessory dwelling shall not be located along the same wall as the main entrance to the main unit.
- (fg) A minimum of one (1) off-street parking space shall be added, in addition to the applicable parking requirements of the main unit. Additional parking beyond the one (1) off-street parking space added may be required pursuant to the provisions of Article 410, Parking and Loading.
- (gh) Only one (1) accessory dwelling unit or guest quarters is allowed per parcel. Neither an accessory dwelling unit nor a guest quarters is allowed on parcels with cottage court or multifamily developments.

<u>SECTION 14.</u> Section 110.306.25 of the Washoe County Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.306.25</u> <u>Detached Accessory Dwellings.</u> Detached accessory dwellings are defined in Article 304, Use Classification System, under Section 110.304.15, Residential Use Types. Any detached accessory dwelling unit must adhere to the following requirements:

- (a) A main residential unit exists and no other accessory dwelling unit has been established.
- (b) A minimum lot area of twelve thousand (12,000) square feet exists.
- (c) Compliance with the setback and height standards of the regulatory zone and the lot coverage standards **established in Article 406.** enumerated in Section 110.306.10(a).
- (d) Parcels with single-family dwellings. Except for in the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, the detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed fifteen hundred (1,500) square feet, or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, whichever is smaller. In the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, the detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed twelve hundred (1,200) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. The maximum permitted square footage of a detached accessory dwelling unit shall not be increased by use of the variance process contained in Article 804, Variances, except for conversion of a guest house, that was legally constructed prior to May 26, 1993, to a detached accessory dwelling unit.
- (e) Parcels with duplex, triplex, or quadplex. The detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed 800 square feet. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the detached accessory dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. A maximum of one accessory dwelling unit or guest quarters is permitted per parcel.
- (ef) A manufactured or modular home constructed within six (6) years of the date of its placement is permitted as a detached accessory dwelling unit, subject to the size and regulatory zone requirements in (d) above and the provisions of Article 312, Fabricated Housing, provided that the unit is permanently affixed to the property, its foundation system is masked and the unit is converted to real property pursuant to the provisions of Article 312, Fabricated Housing, at the time of the final inspection date. Fabricated homes are permitted as detached accessory dwelling units in a manufactured home subdivision.
- (fg) A minimum of one (1) off-street parking space shall be added, in addition to the applicable parking requirements of the main unit. Additional parking beyond the one (1) off-street parking space added may be required pursuant to the provisions of Article 410, Parking and Loading.
- (gh) Only one (1) accessory dwelling unit or guest quarters is allowed per parcel. Neither an accessory dwelling unit nor guest quarters is allowed on parcels with cottage court or multifamily developments.

- (hi) A detached accessory dwelling unit may be converted to a main dwelling unit by subdividing the original parcel. The newly subdivided parcels (and any structures thereon) must meet all provisions of the Development Code, including the setback, height, and minimum lot **dimension** area standards of the applicable regulatory zone.
- (ij) A detached accessory dwelling unit shall include the installation of a water meter if the detached accessory dwelling unit proposes to use a domestic well as its source of water.
- (jk) On any parcel half an acre in size or smaller, a detached accessory dwelling unit shall be permitted only pursuant to the administrative review process in Article 809.
- (kI) If a detached accessory dwelling unit qualifies as a minor accessory dwelling unit as defined in WCC 110.304.15(ac)(83) and is 12 feet in height or less, it can be located as close as 5 feet from the side and rear property lines. Minor accessory dwelling units located on parcels larger than ½ acre in size do not require an off-street parking space. Minor accessory dwelling units located on parcels ½ acre in size or smaller are required to have one off-street parking space, unless this requirement is waived by the Director of Planning and Building or their designee.

<u>SECTION 15.</u> Section 110.406.05 of the Washoe County Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 110.406.05 General. The yard requirements and setback dimensions are set forth in Part Three of Table 110.406.05.1 sets forth regulatory zone development standards. These requirements may be modified pursuant to Article 408, Common Open Space Development. All required yard setbacks are measured from the property line with the following exceptions: (1) when an access easement traverses a portion of a property and has a total width of more than twenty (20) feet, the required yard setback is measured from the edge of the easement closest to the proposed structure; or, (2) when a Washoe County-maintained road is located outside of a recorded right-of-way or easement, regardless of the roadway width, the required yard setback shall be measured from the edge of the road. If a lot does not meet the minimum lot size for the regulatory zoning for the lot, the yard requirements and setback dimensions shall be based on the lot size for the next densest regulatory zone for which the lot does meet minimum size for lots in that zone.

Table 110.406.05.1 STANDARDS

	Part	One: E	Density	/Intens	ity Sta	ndards	÷							
LDR MDR HDR LDS LDS-2 MDS MDS-4 HDS LDU MDU														
Dwelling Unit Per Acre (du/ac)	0.1	0.2	0.4	4	2	3h	4h	7a	10b	21c				
Height (feet)	35	40	70											

Part	One:	Density	//Inten	sity Sta	andard	s (cont	inued)							
HDU GC NC TC I PSP PR OS GR GRA														
Dwelling Unit Per Acre (du/ac)	42c	n/a	5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.025	0.025				
Height (feet)	70	80	60	45	65	65	65	n/a	35	35				

Notes: a - 7 dwelling units per acre single-family detached; 9 dwelling units per acre for attached single-family and mobile home parks

c - Multi-family

b - 10 dwelling units per acre for single-family detached; 14 dwelling units per acre for multi-family and 12 units per acre for mobile home parks

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h - 3 dwelling units per acre single-family detached; 5 dwelling units per acre for both single-family attached and manufactured home parks within areas designated as Trailer (TR) Overlay zone in effect prior to May 26, 1993

Part Two: Lot Size										
LDR MDR HDR LDS LDS-2 MDS MDS-4 HDS LDU MDU								MDU		
Minimum Lot Area (1,000's of sq. ft. unless otherwise indicated)	8ac	4ac	2ac	35	17.5	12	9	5	3.7d	8e
Minimum Lot Width (feet)	250	200	150	120	100	80	70	60	60	60

Part Two: Lot Size (continued)										
HDU GC NG TC I PSP PR OS GR GRA										
Minimum Lot Area (1,000's of sq. ft. unless otherwise indicated)	8f	10	10	10	10	n/a	n/a	n/a	40ac	40ac
Minimum Lot Width (feet)	60	75	75	100	100	100	n/a	n/a	660	660

d - 3,700 square feet for single-family detached and 8,000 square feet with two (2) attached single-family dwelling units

Notes:

e - 3,700 square feet for single-family detached and 8,000 square feet with four (4) multi-family units f - 3,700 square feet for single-family detached and 8,000 square feet with eight (8) multi-family units

g - 40 acres nominally = 1/16 section

Table 110.406.05.1 (continued)

STANDARDS

Part Three: Yard and Setback Dimensions										
LDR MDR HDR LDS LDS-2 MDS MDS-4 HDS LDU MDU										
Front Yard (feet)	30	30	30	30	30	20	20	20	15	15
Side Yards (feet)	50	15	15	12	10	8	7	5	5	5
Rear Yard (feet)	30	30	30	30	30	20	20	20	10	20

Part Three: Yard and Setback Dimensions (continued)										
HDU GG NG TG I PSP PR OS GR GRA										
Front Yard (feet)	20	10	15	20	15	20	20	n/a	30	30
Side Yards (feet) 5 10 15 10 15 15 n/a 50 50										
Rear Yard (feet)	Rear Yard (feet) 20 10 20 10 15 20 20 n/a 30 30									

Source: Sedway Cooke Associates

REGULATORY ZONE DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

		Yards - Set	backs	s ¹	Maximum	Maximum	Minimum	Minimum
Regulatory Zones	Title	Title Front Side (feet)			Height	Density/Intensity (du/ac)	Lot Size ^{2T}	Lot Width (feet)
LDR	Low Density Rural	30	50	30	35	0.1	8 ac	250
MDR	Medium Density Rural	30	15	30	35	0.2	4 ac	200
HDR	High Density Rural	30	15	30	35	0.4	2 ac	150
LDS	Low Density Suburban	30	12	30	35	1	35,000 sf	120
LDS/2	Low Density Suburban/2	30	10	30	35	2	17,500 sf	100
MDS	Medium Density Suburban	20	8	20	35	3c	12,000 sf	65
MDS/4	Medium Density Suburban/4	20	7	20	35	4c	9,000 sf	60
HDS	High Density Suburban	20 ^d	5	10	35	7a	5,000 sf	50
LDU	Low Density Urban	15	5	10	40	10b	3,700 sf	45

MDU	Medium Density Urban	15	5	10	70	21	3,700 sf	45	
HDU	High Density Urban	15	5	10	70	42	3,700 sf	40	
GC	General Commercial	10	10	10	80	N/A	10,000 sf	75	
NC	Neighborhood Comm/Office	15	15	20	60	5	10,000 sf	75	
TC	Tourist Commercial	20	10	10	45	N/A	10,000 sf	100	
ı	Industrial	15	10	15	65	N/A	10,000 sf	100	
PSP	Public Semi Public Facilities	20	15	20	65	N/A	N/A	100	
PR	Parks and Recreation	20	15	20	65	N/A	N/A	N/A	
os	Open Space	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
GR	General Rural	30	50	30	35	0.025	40 ac	660	
GRA	General Rural Agricultural	30	50	30	35	0.025	40 ac	660	
SP	Specific Plan	See Develop Plan.	See Development Standards identified for each individual Specific Plan.						

Notes:

du/ac - dwelling unit per acre

- ac acre(s)
- sf square feet
- a 7 du/ac single family detached; 9 du/ac middle housing and mobile home parks
- b 10 du/ac single family detached; 14 du/ac multi-family and middle housing; and 12 du/ac for mobile home parks
- c 3 du/ac single-family detached; 5 du/ac for single-family attached, middle housing, and manufactured home parks within areas designated as Trailer (TR) Overlay zone in effect prior to May 26, 1993.
- d 10-foot minimum setback for living space, 20-foot setback for garages
- * Single family attached use types within all residential and commercial regulatory zones shall have the option of a 0' side yard setback and a minimum lot
- ~ Minimum lot size shall not apply to single family attached development.size of 3,700 sf.

<u>SECTION 16.</u> Section 110.408.45 of the Washoe County Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.408.45 Conditions of Approval.</u> Provisions for the common open space development shall be conditioned upon approval of the tentative subdivision or parcel map.

- (a) <u>Three-Year Maintenance Plan.</u> Provisions shall be made to monitor and maintain, for a period of three (3) years regardless of ownership, a maintenance plan for the common open space area. The maintenance plan for the common open space area shall, as a minimum, address the following:
 - (1) Vegetation management;
 - (2) Watershed management;
 - (3) Debris and litter removal;

- (4) Fire access and suppression;
- (5) Maintenance of public access and/or maintenance of limitations to public access; and
- (6) Other factors deemed necessary by the Planning Commission or the Board of County Commissioners.
- (b) <u>Permanent Preservation and Maintenance.</u> Provisions shall be made for the permanent preservation and ongoing maintenance of the common open space and other common areas using a legal instrument acceptable to the County.
- (c) <u>Screening and Buffering of Adjoining Development.</u> Provisions shall be made to assure adequate screening and buffering of existing and potential developments adjoining the proposed common open space development.
- (d) Common Open Space Restrictions. Designated common open space shall not include areas devoted to public or private vehicular streets, detention and retention ponds/basins, drainage facilities, or any land which has been, or is to be, conveyed to a public agency via a purchase agreement for such uses as parks, schools or other public facilities.

<u>SECTION 17.</u> Section 110.410.10 of the Washoe County Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.410.10</u> <u>Required Parking Spaces.</u> Off-street parking spaces shall be provided in the quantities set forth in Table 110.410.10.1 through Table 110.410.10.5.

- (a) <u>Description of Use Types.</u> The use types referred to in Table 110.410.10.1 through Table 110.410.10.5 are defined in Article 304, Use Classification System.
- (b) Requirements Cumulative. Where Table 110.410.10.1 through Table 110.410.10.5 set forth more than one (1) requirement for a given use type, those requirements shall be cumulative.
- (c) <u>Spaces Based on Square Footage.</u> The square footage requirements used in Table 110.410.10.1 through Table 110.410.10.5 to calculate parking spaces refer to the total enclosed areas of all buildings on the lot, but excludes the area of spaces having a height of less than seven (7) feet and the area used exclusively for parking and loading.
- (d) <u>Spaces Based on Employees.</u> The employee requirements used in Table 110.410.10.1 through Table 110.410.10.5 to calculate parking spaces refer to the maximum number of employees who could be working at one time when the facility is operating at full capacity.
- (e) Rounding Off Numbers. Whenever the computation of the number of off-street parking spaces required by Table 110.410.10.1 through Table 110.410.10.5 results in a fractional parking space, one (1) additional parking space shall be required for a fractional space of one-half (1/2) or more. A fractional space of less than one-half (1/2) shall not be counted.

Table 110.410.10.1

OFF-STREET PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS (Residential Use Types) (See Section 110.410.10 for explanation)

Residential Use Types (Section 110.304.15)	Spaces Required
Family Residential	
—Attached Accessory Dwelling	1 per attached accessory dwelling unit, in addition to other required spaces
—Detached Accessory Dwelling	1 per detached accessory dwelling unit, in addition to other required spaces
-Detached Accessory Structure	None
Guest Quarters	1 per guest quarters unit, in addition to the other required spaces
—Duplex	21 per dwelling unit, 1 of which must be covered in an enclosed garage
Triplex	1 per dwelling unit, which must be covered
Quadplex	1 per dwelling unit, which must be covered
—Fabricated Home	*2 per fabricated home
—Multi Family and Multi Family, Minor	2 bedrooms or fewer = 1 parking space; 3 bedrooms = 2 parking spaces; 4 or more bedrooms = 2.5 parking spaces
	1 covered parking space is required for every 2 units.
Cottage Court	1 per dwelling unit, which must be covered
—Single Family Attached	2 per dwelling unit, 1 of which must be in an enclosed garage
—Single Family Detached	2 per dwelling unit, 1 of which must be in an enclosed garage
Manufactured Home Parks	1.5 per manufactured home, plus 1 per 5 units for guest parking
Group Home	.25 per bed, plus 1 per employee during peak employment shift
Short-Term Rental (All Tiers)	As identified in Article 319, Short-Term Rentals (STRs)
Employee Housing Dormitory	.25 spaces per approved occupant

Note:

^{* =} Article 312, Fabricated Housing, may require 1 parking space to be in an enclosed garage or carport.

Table 110.410.10.2

OFF-STREET PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS (Civic Use Types) (See Section 110.410.10 for explanation)

Civic Use Types (Section 110.304.20)		Spaces I	Required
	Per 1,000 Square Feet Building Space	Per Employee During Peak Employment Shift	Other
Administrative Services	4		
Child Care			
Child Daycare	1 if assembly hall included	1	1 off-street loading space for every 8 students
Family Daycare			1 in addition to any other required spaces
Large-Family Daycare		1	1 off-street loading space for every 8 students
Community Center	5	1	
Convalescent Services		1	.25 per bed
Cultural and Library Services	3	1	
Education			
College/University		1	.5 per student of driving age
Elementary/Secondary		1	.25 per student of driving age
Group Care		1	.25 per bed
Hospital Services		1	.5 per bed
Major Services and Utilities			
Major Public Facilities		As specified by use permit	
Utility Services		As specified by use permit	
Nature Center		As specified by use permit	
Parks and Recreation			
Active Recreation		1	
Passive Recreation		1	
Postal Services	2	1	
Public Parking Services		1	
Religious Assembly			1 per 3 seats or 72 lineal inches of pew space plus 1 per 300 square feet of additional public space
Safety Services		1	

Table 110.410.10.3

OFF-STREET PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS (Commercial Use Types) (See Section 110.410.10 for explanation)

Commercial Use Types (Section 110.304.25)		Spaces	Required
	Per 1,000 Square Feet Building Space	Per Employee During Peak Employment Shift	Other
Administrative Offices	4	1	
Adult Entertainment	5	1	
Animal Sales and Services			
Commercial Kennels		1	.25 per animal at design capacity
Commercial Stables		1	.25 per horse at design capacity
Grooming and Pet Stores	2.5	1	
Pet Cemeteries		1	
Veterinary Services, Agricultural	2	1	
Veterinary Services, Pets	4	1	
Automotive and Equipment			
Automotive Repair		1	3 per service bay
Automotive Sales and Rentals	.5	1	
Cleaning	2	1	
Commercial Parking		1	
Equipment Repair and Sales	2	1	
Fabricated Housing Sales	.5	1	
Storage of Operable Vehicles		1	
Truck Stops	4	1	
Building Maintenance Services	2		
Continuum of Care Facilities, Seniors		As specified by use permit	As specified by use permit
Commercial Antennas			1 per antenna tower
Commercial Centers (All Types)			Less than 15,000 square feet: 5 spaces per 1,000 square feet; 15,000 to 400,000 square feet: 4 spaces per 1,000 square feet; more than 400,000 square feet: 5 spaces per 1,000 square feet
Commercial Educational Services		1	.5 per student
Commercial Recreation			
Commercial Campground Facilities		1	
Destination Resorts		1	1 per room
Indoor Entertainment		1	1 per 3 seats
Indoor Sports and Recreation	5	1	
Limited Gaming Facilities	4	1	

Table 110.410.10.3 (continued)

OFF-STREET PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS (Commercial Use Types) (See Section 110.410.10 for explanation)

Commercial Use Types (Section 110.304.25)		Spaces Required							
	Per 1,000 Square Feet Building Space	Per Employee During Peak Employment Shift	Other						
Marinas		As specified by use permit							
Outdoor Entertainment		As specified by use permit							
Outdoor Sports and Recreation		As specified by use permit							
Outdoor Sports Club		As specified by use permit							
Unlimited Gaming Facilities	8	1							
Construction Sales and Services	2 for retail and 1 for storage area								
Convention and Meeting Facilities		1	1 per seat if not associated with lodging facilities; .5 per seat otherwise						
Eating and Drinking Establishments									
Convenience	10	1							
Full Service	10	1							
Financial Services	3	1							
Funeral and Internment Services									
Cemeteries		1							
Undertaking		1	1 per 3 seats						
Gasoline Sales and Service Stations		1	3 per service bay (service bay not credited as required space)						
Helicopter Services		-							
Heliport		1	5 per helicopter space						
Helistop		1	5 per helicopter space						
Liquor Manufacturing*	_		*Or as specified by use permit						
Off-Premise Sales/Consumption	3	1	Minimum of 2 spaces						
On-Premise Sales/Consumption	5	1	For any public tasting room, a minimum of 5 permanent spaces						
Liquor Sales									
Off-Premises	4	1							
On-Premises	10	1							

Table 110.410.10.3 (continued)

OFF-STREET PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS (Commercial Use Types) (See Section 110.410.10 for explanation)

Commercial Use Types (Section 110.304.25)		Spaces I	Required
	Per 1,000 Square Feet Building Space	Per Employee During Peak Employment Shift	Other
Lodging Services			
Bed and Breakfast Inns		1	1 per room
Hostels		1	.25 per bed
Hotels and Motels		1	1 per room
Vacation Time Shares			1.6 for 1 bedroom units, 2.1 for 2 bedroom and larger units; 1 of which must be in an enclosed garage or carport
Marijuana Establishments			
Marijuana Cultivation			
Facility		1	
Marijuana Product			
Manufacturing Facility		1	
Marijuana Testing			
Facility		1	
Retail Marijuana Store/Medical	5	1	
Dispensary			
Medical Services	5	1	
Nursery Sales			
Retail	3	1	
Wholesale	3	1	
Personal Services	4		
Personal Storage		1	1 loading space per 2,000
			square feet of building footprint
Professional Services	4	1	
Recycle Center			
Full Service Recycle Center	3	1	
Remote Collection Facility			3 spaces per collective device
Residential Hazardous	3	1	
Substance Recycle Center	0 -		
Repair Services, Consumer	2.5	1	
Retail Sales		4	
Comparison Shopping	3	1	
Centers	<u></u>	4	
Convenience	5	1	
Specialty Stores	3	1	
Secondhand Sales	2.5	1	
Transportation Services		1	

Table 110.410.10.3 (continued)

OFF-STREET PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS (Commercial Use Types) (See Section 110.410.10 for explanation)

Commercial Use Types (Section 110.304.25)	Spaces Required			
	Per 1,000 Square Feet Building Space	Per Employee During Peak Employment Shift	Other	
Winery	3*	1	*Or as specified by use permit; Minumum of 2 spaces; For any public tasting room, a minimum of 5 permanent spaces	
Winery with Special Events			As specified by Use Permit	

Table 110.410.10.4

OFF-STREET PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS (Industrial Use Types) (See Section 110.410.10 for explanation)

Industrial Use Types (Section 110.304.30)	Spaces Required			
	Per 1,000 Square Feet Building Space	Per Employee During Peak Employment Shift	Other	
Custom Manufacturing		1	2 per 1,000 square feet of showroom space	
Energy Production		1		
General Industrial				
Heavy		1		
Intermediate		1		
Limited		1		
High Technology Industry		1		
Inoperable Vehicle Storage		1	2 per 1 acre of storage area	
Laundry Services	2	1		
Mining Operations		1		
Petroleum Gas Extraction		1		
Salvage Yards		1	2 per 1 acre of storage area	
Wholesaling, Storage and Distribution				
Heavy		1	.5 per 1,000 square feet of area open to the public	
Light		1	.5 per 1,000 square feet of area open to the public	

Table 110.410.10.5

OFF-STREET PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS (Agricultural Use Types) (See Section 110.410.10 for explanation)

Agricultural Use Types (Section 110.304.35)	Spaces Required			
	Per 1,000 Square Feet Building Space	Per Employee During Peak Employment Shift	Other	
Agricultural Processing		1		
Agricultural Sales	3	1		
Animal Production		1		
Animal Slaughtering		1		
Animal Slaughtering, Mobile		1	Off-street parking for the mobile facility	
Crop Production		No		
		requirement		
Forest Products		1		
Game Farm		1		
Produce Sales		1	3 spaces per produce stand	

Sources: Sedway Cooke Associates and Washoe County Department of Community Development.

<u>SECTION 18.</u> Section 110.412.10 of the Washoe County Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 110.412.10 Exemptions. The following uses are exempt from the provisions of this article:

- (a) Residential Use Types. The required front, side or rear yard areas of existing and new detached-single family **and middle housing** residential lots, unless front yard landscaping is required under any article found in Division Two, Area Plan Regulations, of the Washoe County Development Code or Section 110.412.35. Landscaping shall be compatible with the latest adopted International Wildland Urban Interface (IWUI) fire rating of the site to reduce fire hazards.
- (b) <u>Civic Use Types.</u> Uses classified under the parks and recreation use type are exempt, except for parking and loading areas associated with these uses. Landscaping shall be compatible with the latest adopted International Wildland Urban Interface (IWUI) fire rating of the site to reduce fire hazards.
- (c) <u>Commercial Use Types.</u> Uses classified under the commercial recreation: outdoor sports club use type and nursery sales use type are exempt, except for parking and loading areas associated with these uses. Landscaping shall be compatible with the latest adopted International Wildland Urban Interface (IWUI) fire rating of the site to reduce fire hazards.
- (d) Industrial Use Types. Uses classified under the Energy Production Renewable use type is exempt, except for parking and loading areas associated with these uses, when located at least one mile from a residential dwelling. However, the provisions of this article may be waived during the approval process for use types classified under energy production, mining operations, and petroleum gas extraction, subject to approval of a Director's

- Modification of Standards. Landscaping shall be compatible with the latest adopted International Wildland Urban Interface (IWUI) fire rating of the site to reduce fire hazards.
- (e) <u>Agricultural Use Types.</u> Uses classified under the animal production, crop production, forest products, game farms, and produce sales use types are exempt, except for parking and loading areas associated with these uses. Landscaping shall be compatible with the latest adopted International Wildland Urban Interface (IWUI) fire rating of the site to reduce fire hazards.
- (f) Open Space Regulatory Zones. Uses within the Open Space regulatory zone are exempt. Landscaping shall be compatible with the latest adopted International Wildland Urban Interface (IWUI) fire rating of the site to reduce fire hazards.

<u>SECTION 19.</u> Section 110.412.35 of the Washoe County Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.412.35</u> <u>Residential Use Types.</u> The following landscaping requirements shall apply to residential uses including duplex and multiplex residential subdivision lots and multi-family developments, except those exempted by Section 110.412.10, Exemptions. Any landscaping required in this section may contribute toward the minimum requirements.

- (a) <u>Coverage.</u> A minimum twenty (20) percent of the total developed land area shall be landscaped.
- (b) Required Yards Adjoining Streets. All required front, rear or side yards which adjoin a public street shall be landscaped and shall include at least one (1) tree for every fifty (50) linear feet of street frontage, or fraction thereof.
- (c) <u>Subdivision Perimeters.</u> New residential subdivisions, regardless of the number of dwelling units per parcel, shall provide at least one (1) tree for every fifty (50) linear feet of perimeter frontage adjoining an arterial or collector identified in the Washoe County Master Plan Streets and Highways System Plan map.
- (d) <u>Model Homes.</u> Model homes for all residential subdivisions shall install landscaping that demonstrates appropriate landscape techniques suitable for the local micro-climate and soil conditions.
- (e) <u>Community Gardens</u>. Community Gardens, including edible gardens may count towards the total landscaping requirement when planted year-round.
- (f) <u>Landscaping</u>. <u>Landscaping</u> Landscaping shall be compatible with the latest adopted International Wildland Urban Interface (IWUI) fire rating of the site to reduce fire hazards.

<u>SECTION 20.</u> Section 110.432.15 of the Washoe County Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.432.15</u> Residential Common Open Space. This section sets forth development standards to provide sufficient and quality common open space for residential uses in Washoe County. These standards are intended to provide for the development and maintenance of common open space areas which serve the need for leisure, space and recreation.

- (a) <u>Types of Common Open Space.</u> Common open space may be comprised of one (1) or more of the following:
 - (1) Courtyard;
 - (2) Large lawn area;
 - (3) Playground;
 - (4) Tennis court;
 - (5) Basketball court;
 - (6) Dog Park
 - (7) Pocket Park
 - (68) Swimming pool; and
 - (79) Similar outdoor recreation facilities **not otherwise prohibited in the development code**, as approved by the Director of Community DevelopmentPlanning and Building pursuant to a director's modification of standards.
- (b) Requirement. At least two hundred (200) square feet of common open space shall be required per dwelling unit for developments of twelve (12) five (5) or more units.

<u>SECTION 21.</u> Section 110.902.15 of the Washoe County Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>Section 110.902.15 General Definitions.</u> Unless otherwise specified, the following definitions shall be applicable throughout the Development Code:

<u>A-Weighted Sound Level.</u> "A-weighted sound level" means the sound pressure level in decibels as measured on a sound level meter using the A-weighing filter network. Sounds measured with an A-weighted filter are abbreviated dba or db(a).

<u>Accessory Structure.</u> "Accessory structure" means a subordinate structure, the use of which is incidental to that of the main structure or potential main structure, or main dwelling.

Accessway. "Accessway" means vehicular ingress and egress to a property or use.

Adequate Public Facilities Management. "Adequate public facilities management" means a method for ensuring that the infrastructure necessary to support a development project will be available concurrently with the impacts of that development, without causing the level of service provided by said infrastructure to fall below adopted standards.

<u>Affordable Housing.</u> "Affordable housing" means housing which is affordable to low-income households (not exceeding eighty (80) percent of the County median income) or moderate-income households (not exceeding one-hundred twenty (120) percent of County median income).

Agricultural Building. "Agricultural building" is a structure designed and constructed to store farm implements and equipment or hay, grain, poultry, livestock, fruit and other agricultural products. Cold storage warehouses are not agricultural buildings. An agricultural building shall not be used for human

habitation; processing, treating, packaging agricultural products; or as a place used by the public. The term shall not include dwellings, but does include greenhouses.

<u>Approved Access.</u> "Approved access" means a way or means of approach to a parcel from either an abutting public road or from a private road, street or right-of-way approved by the County.

<u>Area of Shallow Flooding.</u> "Area of shallow flooding" means a designated AO or AH Zone on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps. The base flood depths range from 1 to 3 feet, a clearly defined channel does not exist, the path of flooding is unpredictable and indeterminate, and velocity flow may be evident.

<u>Area Plan.</u> "Area plan" means plans adopted by Washoe County which cover specific subareas of the unincorporated County. These plans provide basic information on the natural features, resources and physical constraints that affect the development of the planning area. They also specify detailed land use designations which are then used to review specific development proposals and to plan services and facilities.

Arterial. "Arterial" means a main highway that is a through street.

Attached Accessory Dwelling Unit. "Attached accessory dwelling unit" means a portion of or an addition to a dwelling unit single family main dwelling that has been designed or configured to be used as a separate and independent dwelling unit and is further defined in Article 304. An attached accessory dwelling unit includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities, but may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities, all separated from the main unit by walls or ceiling and accessed through a lockable exterior or interior door. The attached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed forty (40) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit or one thousand (1,000) square feet, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. An attached accessory dwelling may be created by converting part of, or adding on to, an existing single family main dwelling. To be considered attached, the accessory dwelling unit must abut (i.e. be on the opposite side of a wall or ceiling) the habitable space of the main dwelling, or the ceiling of a garage attached to the main dwelling. Incidental and accessory features such as trellises, decks, patios, breezeways, or tool sheds will not be considered as establishing an attached structure/dwelling. Attached accessory dwellings are often referred to as quest rooms, guest apartments and "granny flats."

<u>Base Flood Calculation.</u> "Base flood calculation" means a flood having a one (1) percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. See "Flood, One Hundred (100) Year."

<u>Basement.</u> "Basement" means the portion of a building between floor and ceiling, which is partly below and partly above grade, but so located that the vertical distance from grade to the floor below is less than the vertical distance from grade to ceiling.

<u>Bed and Breakfast Establishment.</u> "Bed and breakfast establishment" means a single-family dwelling containing not more than five (5) guest rooms (no cooking facilities in guest rooms) where, for compensation, meals and lodging are provided.

Berm. "Berm" means a mound or embankment of earth.

<u>Billboard.</u> "Billboard" means an outdoor advertisement making a material or services known, such advertisement being remote from the point of sale of such material or service.

Board. "Board" refers to the Board of County Commissioners of Washoe County.

<u>Boardinghouse.</u> "Boardinghouse" means a building or portion thereof (not a motel) where, for compensation, meals and lodging are provided for more than three (3) guests.

<u>Breezeway.</u> A "breezeway" means a covered walkway, passageway, or corridor that has at least one (1) side entirely or partially open (except for necessary supporting columns), is not intended nor designed as habitable space, and which may or may not be connected to a structure.

<u>Building.</u> "Building" means any structure having a permanent foundation, a roof supported by columns or walls and used for the enclosure of persons, animals or chattels, but not including a trailer (mobile home) or tent.

<u>Building Envelope.</u> "Building envelope" means the area to be occupied by any structure and associated development.

<u>Building Height.</u> "Building height" is the vertical distance above a reference datum measured to the highest point of the coping of a flat roof or to the deck line of a mansard roof or to the average height of the highest gable of a pitched or hipped roof. As illustrated in Figure 110.902.15.BH1, the reference datum shall be selected by either of the following, whichever yields a greater height of building:

- (a) The elevation of the highest adjoining sidewalk or ground surface within a five (5) foot horizontal distance of the exterior wall of the building when such sidewalk or ground surface is not more than ten (10) feet above lowest grade.
- (b) An elevation ten (10) feet higher than the lowest grade when the sidewalk or ground surface described in Item 1 above is more than ten (10) feet above lowest grade.

The height of a stepped or terraced building is the maximum height of any segment of the building.

Height of building

Datum

A More than 10'

Figure 110.902.15.BH1

DETERMINATION OF BUILDING HEIGHT IN FEET

Source: International Building Code Interpretation Manual.

<u>Building Intensity.</u> "Building intensity" refers to the bulk and concentration of physical development of uses permitted in a district. Lot coverage and height are examples of measures of building intensity.

<u>Cargo Container.</u> "Cargo Container" means an Intermodal Container, Sea-land Container, ISO Container, or Conex Box that is not designed for independent or "In-tow Trailer" highway use, and that was originally designed and constructed as a standardized, reusable storage and shipping vessel to be loaded on a truck, rail car or ship.

<u>Cellar.</u> "Cellar" means the portion of a building between floor and ceiling which is wholly or partially below grade and so located that vertical distance from grade to the floor below is equal to or greater than the vertical distance from grade to ceiling.

<u>Certificated Water Rights.</u> "Certificated water rights" means the right to put surface water or groundwater to beneficial use that is identified by a record document issued by the Nevada State Engineer after satisfactory proof of "perfection of application" for a permitted water right has been filed in accordance with NRS Chapter 533.

<u>Child Care Institution.</u> "Child care institution" means a facility which provides care and shelter during the day and night and provides developmental guidance to sixteen (16) or more children who do not routinely return to the homes of their parents or guardians. Such an institution may also provide, without limitation:

- (a) Education to the children according to a curriculum approved by the Department of Education;
- (b) Services to children who have been diagnosed as severely emotionally disturbed as defined in NRS 433B.080, including, without limitation, services relating to mental health and education; or
- (c) Emergency shelter to children who have been placed in protective custody pursuant to Chapter 432B of NRS.

<u>Climatic Adaptive Planting Material.</u> "Climatic adaptive planting material" means vegetation which is adapted to the climate or microclimate of the planting site and can flourish given the soil and water environment surrounding its roots. Microclimates, large bodies of water, soil drainage, soil pH, adequate moisture, the presence of soil salts, and both summer and winter wind affect a plant's ability to grow and survive.

Cluster or Clustered Development. See "Common Open Space Development."

Collector. "Collector" means the highest order of residential streets.

<u>Commercial Coach.</u> "Commercial coach" means structure without motive power which is designed and equipped for human occupancy for industrial, professional or commercial purposes.

<u>Commercial Vehicle.</u> "Commercial vehicle" means any vehicle designed, maintained or used for business, commercial, construction or industrial purposes that infringes on the residential character of residential districts; or for the transportation of property in furtherance of commercial enterprise; or having more than two (2) axles on the road; or, any vehicle in excess of eight thousand (8,000) pounds unladen weight. Commercial vehicles includes, but is not limited to: a cement truck, commercial tree-trimming equipment, construction equipment, dump truck, garbage truck, panel truck, semi-tractor, semi-trailer, stake bed truck, step delivery van, tank truck, tar truck, and other vehicles customarily used for commercial purposes.

Commission. "Commission" means the Washoe County Planning Commission.

<u>Common Interest Community.</u> "Common interest community" means real estate in which a person, by virtue of ownership of a unit, is obligated to pay for real estate other than that unit. "Ownership of a unit"

does not include holding a leasehold interest of less than twenty (20) years in a unit, including options to renew.

<u>Common Open Space Development.</u> "Common open space development" means a technique whereby minimum lot sizes may be reduced below the regulatory zone requirements for residential and commercial use types, if compensating amounts of open space are provided within the same development (also called "cluster development"). This type of development allows for structures to be grouped on smaller lots, provided the total density for the development is not exceeded.

Community Accessory Structure._"Community accessory structure" means a structure not containing a dwelling unit in a cottage court development that serves residents through providing shared facilities such as parking, laundry, or other amenities.

<u>Company Town.</u> "Company town" means employee housing and supporting commercial, office, recreational, professional, administrative and other ancillary uses associated with the functioning of an isolated industrial, mining, energy production, utilities, resorts or agricultural based use. This development may occur on a single parcel or multiple parcels.

<u>Condominium.</u> "Condominium" means an estate in real property consisting of an undivided interest in common in portions of a parcel of real property together with:

- (a) A separate interest in space in a residential, industrial or commercial building or industrial and commercial building on such real property, such as, but not restricted to, an apartment, office or store; or
- (b) A separate interest in air space only, without any building or structure, to be used for a mobile home.

A condominium may include in addition a separate interest in other portions of such real property. Such estate may, with respect to the duration of its enjoyment, be either an estate of inheritance or perpetual estate, an estate for life, or an estate for years.

<u>Consistency</u>. "Consistency" means free from variation or contradiction.

Constraints. "Constraints" mean limitations or actions which cannot be taken or which must be taken.

Construct. "Construct" includes "erect," "reconstruct," "alter," "move in" and "move upon."

<u>Contiguous Parcel of Land.</u> "Contiguous parcel of land" means a parcel of land either abutting directly on the boundary or separated by a street, alley, public right-of-way, creek, river or the right-of-way of a railroad or other public service corporation of another parcel of land.

<u>Continuum of Care Unit</u>. A unit that is within a continuum of care facility that includes living and sleeping facilities as defined by the Development Code, the International Building Code, and/or the National Manufactured Home and Safety Standards Act.

Corner Lot. See "Lot, Corner."

<u>Cost.</u> "Cost" means the price paid or what is given up in order to acquire, produce, accomplish or maintain anything.

County. "County" refers to the unincorporated area of Washoe County, Nevada.

<u>County Standards.</u> "County standards" means improvement standards set forth in this Development Code or adopted by the Board of County Commissioners.

<u>Cross-Section.</u> "Cross-section" is a drawing or photograph showing a cutting through something, especially at right angles to its axis. A cross section of a roadway usually indicates the width of the street, the number of lanes, and the width of any median, parkways, sidewalks and bicycle lanes.

<u>Cumulative Impact.</u> "Cumulative impact" means an effect which is a result of several related projects. Each increment from each project may not be noticeable but cumulative impacts may be noticeable when all increments are considered.

Cut. "Cut" means shaping of the land surface by removing soil, rock or other materials.

<u>Decibel.</u> "Decibel" means a unit for describing the amplitude of sound, equal to twenty (20) times the logarithm to the base ten (10) of the ratio of the pressure of the sound measured to the reference pressure, which is twenty (20) micropascals (20 micronewtons per square meter).

<u>Density or Residential Density.</u> "Density" or "residential density" means the number of dwelling units per gross acre for residential uses as defined in Article 304, Use Classification System.

<u>Density Bonus.</u> "Density bonus" means an increase in residential density over and above the density specified in the Development Code. A "density bonus unit" is one of the additional housing units built as a result of granting a density bonus.

<u>Destination Resort.</u> "Destination resort" is a self-contained development that provides for visitor-oriented accommodations and developed recreational facilities in a setting with high natural amenities. Visitor-oriented accommodations are overnight lodging and facilities designed for visitors, not permanent residents, and overnight lodging excludes RV and mobile home parks. Visitor accommodations must include meeting rooms and restaurants.

Detached Accessory Dwelling Unit. "Detached accessory dwelling unit" means a dwelling unit on the same lot as a main dwelling the main dwelling unit, but which is physically separated from the main dwelling unit and is further defined in Article 304. dwelling unit. A detached accessory dwelling unit is designed and configured to provide independent living facilities for one or more persons, and includes, at a minimum, permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. toilet) facilities, but which may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities. Except in the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, a detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed fifteen hundred (1,500) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main unit, whichever is smaller. In the Medium Density Suburban (MDS) Regulatory Zone, the detached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed eight hundred (800) square feet or fifty (50) percent of the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, whichever is smaller. The square footage of garages, crawl spaces, cellars, attics, or basements not designed for human occupancy shall not be included when calculating the total square footage of the main dwelling unit, unless such areas have been legally converted into habitable space. Detached accessory dwelling unit are also commonly referred to as guest houses, second units, detached "granny flats" and caretaker's quarters.

<u>Detached Accessory Structure.</u> Except as provided for under Section 110.306.15, "detached accessory structure" means a building or structure on the same lot as the main residential structure and devoted to a use incidental to that main residential structure. A detached accessory structure is not designed, configured, or used for human habitation. The detached accessory structure may be connected to water and wastewater systems subject to the recordation of a deed restriction **as required by Washoe County Code.** prohibiting the use of the structure as a dwelling unit. Installation of both a kitchen and a toilet in a detached accessory structure shall render the structure as a dwelling unit and subject to the accessory dwelling unit provisions contained in Article 306, Accessory Uses and Structures. Typical uses include storage buildings, sheds, barns, and detached garages.

<u>Development.</u> "Development" means any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate including the construction of buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation, drilling operations or storage of equipment or materials.

<u>Development Agreement.</u> "Development agreement" means an agreement entered into by Washoe County and any person having a legal or equitable interest in land concerning the development of that land, pursuant to NRS Chapter 278.

<u>Development Code.</u> "Development Code" refers to Chapter 110 of the Washoe County Code which incorporates all County development-related ordinances and standards to ensure conformity with the Master Plan.

<u>Division into Large Parcels.</u> "Division into large parcels" means division of land if each proposed lot is at least forty (40) acres in area including roads and easements or at least one-sixteenth (1/16) of a section as described by a government land office.

<u>Dog Training Center.</u> "Dog training center" means a facility where dogs are boarded and trained for a long-term period of time.

<u>Dog Training Services.</u> "Dog training services" means the training of dogs with their owners or owners' designee, where both owner and dog participate in dog training.

<u>Domestic Water.</u> "Domestic water" means water supplied to individual dwellings and other land uses which is suitable for drinking.

<u>Dormitory/Bunkhouse.</u> "Dormitory/bunkhouse" means a building or a portion of a building where, for compensation or a benefit of employment, meals and lodging are is provided. They are considered employee dormitory housing and subject to the applicable regulations for that use type.

<u>Drainage</u>, <u>Natural</u>. "Natural drainage" means any channel, swale or depression which conducts water as part of the natural drainage pattern of a site.

<u>Driveway</u>, <u>Residential</u>. "Residential driveway" means a private paved or unpaved area used for ingress or egress of vehicles, and allowing access extending from a property line to a building or other structure or facility on the subject parcel.

<u>Dwelling.</u> "Dwelling" means any building or portion thereof used exclusively for residential purposes **and built to the standards of the building code adopted at the time of construction.** But It does not include hotels, clubs, boardinghouses or rooming houses, fraternity or sorority houses, continuum of care facilities, or institutions.

<u>Dwelling Unit.</u> "Dwelling unit" means any building or portion thereof, including a fabricated home or portion thereof, which contains at a minimum permanent kitchen and bathroom (i.e. a toilet) facilities for residential use types as defined in Article 304, Use Classification System, but which may also include living, sleeping, and eating facilities as required by the Development Code, the International Building Code, and/or the National Manufactured Home and Safety Standards Act.

<u>Electronic Notice.</u> "Electronic notice" means any notice required by law that is transmitted via electronic means and which provides a method of verifying receipt to the sender that the receiver has received the notice. Electronic includes, but is not limited to, e-mail, facsimile transmission that identify the receiver and have a time and date stamp.

<u>Endangered Species.</u> "Endangered species" means any species listed as such in the Federal Register which is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

Engineer. "Engineer" means a Nevada registered engineer pursuant to NRS Chapter 625.

<u>Ephemeral Stream.</u> "Ephemeral stream" means a stream that flows only in direct response to precipitation, and thus discontinues its flow during dry seasons. Such flow is usually of short duration. Most of the dry washes of more arid regions may be classified as ephemeral streams.

<u>Erosion.</u> "Erosion" means the detachment and movement of soil from the land surface by wind, water or gravity.

<u>Fabricated Home.</u> "Fabricated home" means a dwelling unit fabricated in an off-site manufacturing facility for installation or assembly at the building site. Fabricated homes include modular homes, manufactured homes and mobile homes. The term "fabricated home" does not include a "recreational vehicle."

<u>Facility for Transitional Living for Released Offenders.</u> "Facility for transitional living for released offenders" means a residence that provides housing and a living environment for persons who have been released from prison and who require assistance with reintegration into the community, other than such a residence that is operated or maintained by a state or local government or an agency thereof. The term does not include a halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers or a facility for the treatment of abuse of alcohol or drugs. As used in this section, person who has been released from prison means:

- (a) A parolee.
- (b) A person who is participating in:
 - (1) A judicial program pursuant to NRS 209.4886 or 213.625; or
 - (2) A correctional program pursuant to NRS 209.4888 or 213.371.
- (c) A person who is supervised by the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety through residential confinement.
- (d) A person who has been released from prison by expiration of his or her term of sentence.

<u>Family.</u> "Family" means one (1) or more persons related by blood, marriage or legal adoption, or a group of six (6) or fewer unrelated persons and two additional persons who act as house parents or guardians, living together in a dwelling unit.

<u>Fence.</u> "Fence" means a wall or barrier constructed of boards, masonry, wire or any other material for the purpose of enclosing space or separating parcels of land. The term "fence" does not include retaining walls, but does include fence gates and gateposts.

<u>Fence</u>, <u>Security</u>. "Security Fence" means a fence that is located on the property lines of a parcel of land that does not have a main use established and complies with WCC 110.406.50(e).

Fill. "Fill" means shaping of the land surface by depositing soil, rock or other materials.

<u>Final Map.</u> "Final map" means the map or recording instrument for subdivisions of land as described in Article 610. A final map may also be used to record an approved parcel map at the option of either the subdivider or the County.

<u>Fire Management.</u> "Fire management" means activities required for the protection of resources and values from fire, or the use of fire to meet land management goals and objectives.

<u>Flood or Flooding.</u> "Flood" or "flooding" means a general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from the overflow of inland waters; or the unusual and rapid accumulation of runoff of surface waters from any source.

<u>Flood, One Hundred (100) Year.</u> "One hundred (100) year flood" also called the "base flood" means a flood having a one (1) percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The boundaries of the one hundred (100) year flood include both the floodway and the flood fringe areas as shown on the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Maps.

<u>Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps (Floodway)</u>. "Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps" means the official maps on which the Federal Insurance Administration has delineated both the areas of flood hazard and the floodway.

<u>Flood Elevation</u>. "Flood elevation" means the elevation of the water surface of the base flood based on the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) of 1929.

<u>Flood Elevation, Increase In.</u> "Increase in flood elevation" means an increase in flood elevation of more than one (1) foot at any point.

<u>Flood Fringe.</u> "Flood fringe" means the area of the one hundred (100) year flood, exclusive of the floodway, as shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps, and any area determined by the Floodplain Administrator to have a one (1) percent or greater probability of flood in a given year.

<u>Flood Hazard Areas.</u> "Flood hazard areas" means the area designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency as being flooded by the base flood, and is designated as "Zone A, AO, AH, AE and A99" on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps.

<u>Flood Height.</u> "Flood height" means the depth of the floodwater during the one hundred (100) year flood, computed as the difference between the elevation of the one hundred (100) year floodwater surface and the elevation ground surface at a given point in the flooded area.

<u>Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM).</u> "Flood Insurance Rate Maps" means the official maps on which the Federal Insurance Administration has delineated the flood hazard area, the limited flooding area and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.

<u>Flood Insurance Study (FIS).</u> "Flood Insurance Study" means the official report provided by the Federal Emergency Management Agency that includes flood profiles, the Flood Insurance Rate Maps, the Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps, and the water surface elevation of the base flood.

Floodplain. "Floodplain" means any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from any source.

<u>Floodplain Administrator.</u> "Floodplain Administrator" means the person appointed to administer and implement the provisions of Article 416 of this Development Code.

<u>Floodplain Management.</u> "Floodplain management" means the operation of an overall program of corrective and preventive measures for reducing flood damage.

<u>Floodproofing.</u> "Floodproofing" means any combination of structural and nonstructural additions, changes or adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved property, water and sanitary facilities, structures and their contents.

<u>Floodway.</u> "Floodway" means the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than one (1) foot. The floodway is delineated on the Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps.

<u>Floor Area Ratio (FAR).</u> "Floor area ratio" means the ratio of floor area permitted on a lot to the size of the lot. For example, a permitted FAR of 6.0 on a 10,000 square foot lot would allow a building with a total floor area of 60,000 square feet.

<u>Front Line.</u> "Front line" means the narrowest lot dimension fronting on a street.

Front Yards. See "Yard, Front."

<u>Fuel Management.</u> "Fuel management" means treating or controlling any vegetative material which adversely affects meeting fire management direction based upon resource management goals and objectives.

<u>Fuelbreak.</u> "Fuelbreak" means a strip of land, strategically placed for fighting anticipated fires, where hazardous fuels have been replaced with less burnable fuels (like grass). They divide fire-prone areas into smaller parcels for easier fire control and provide access for fire fighting.

<u>Fuels.</u> "Fuels" mean any material capable of sustaining or carrying a wildfire, usually natural material both live and dead.

<u>Gaming.</u> "Gaming" means any legally constituted gambling enterprise authorized under the laws of the State of Nevada other than slot machines when such machines are operated incidentally to the conduct of a licensed retail business.

<u>Geothermal Resource.</u> "Geothermal resource" means the natural heat of the earth and the energy associated with the natural heat, pressure and all dissolved or entrained minerals, but excluding hydrocarbons and helium, that may be obtained from the medium used to transfer that heat.

<u>Governing Body.</u> "Governing body" refers to the Washoe County Board of County Commissioners, unless otherwise clearly indicated.

<u>Government Patent Easement.</u> "Government patent easement" means an easement granted through a patent by the federal government for a public purpose, generally for public access and utility purposes.

<u>Grade.</u> "Grade" is the lowest point of elevation of the finished surface of the ground, paving or sidewalk within the area between the building and the property line or, when the property line is more than 5 feet from the building, between the building and a line 5 feet from the building.

<u>Gradient.</u> "Gradient" is the slope of a lot measured as the difference in elevation of finished grade between the midpoint of the front property line and the farthest opposite point of the lot depth.

Grading. "Grading" means removal of trees and shrubs with surface soil grading for smoothness.

<u>Greenbelt.</u> "Greenbelt" means an area where measures such as fuel management, land use planning and development standards are applied to mitigate fire, flood and erosion hazard. More traditionally, an irrigated landscaped buffer zone between development and wildlands, usually put to additional uses (e.g. golf course, park, etc.).

Gross Density. "Gross density" is the ratio of the total number of units to the total site area.

<u>Ground Cover.</u> "Ground cover" means low, dense-growing plants such as shrubs or vines, or inert materials such as rock or bark used to cover bare ground.

<u>Ground Water Recharge.</u> "Ground water recharge" means the infiltration of water into the earth. It may increase the total amount of water stored underground or only replenish the groundwater supply depleted

through pumping or natural discharge. The natural or intentional infiltration of surface water into the Zone of Saturation (i.e. into the Ground Water). Also, the inflow of water to a ground water reservoir (Zone of Saturation) from the surface. Infiltration of precipitation and its movement to the water table is one form of natural recharge.

<u>Group Foster Home.</u> "Group foster home" means a natural person, partnership, firm, corporation or association who provides full-time care for seven (7) to fifteen (15) children who are:

- (a) Under eighteen (18) years of age;
- (b) Not related within the first degree of consanguinity or affinity to any natural person maintaining or operating the home; and received, cared for, and
- (c) Maintained for compensation or otherwise, including the provision of permanent free care.

<u>Halfway House for Recovering Alcohol and Drug Abusers.</u> "Halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers" means a residence that provides housing and a living environment for recovering alcohol and drug abusers and is operated to facilitate their reintegration into the community, but does not provide any treatment for alcohol or drug abuse. The term does not include a facility for transitional living for released offenders.

<u>Hallway.</u> "Hallway" means a completely enclosed corridor, passageway, or other similar enclosed space that connects two (2) separate rooms, or ingress and egress points, and which is not intended nor designed as habitable space. A hallway shall not be used to connect two (2) separate dwelling units.

<u>Hedge.</u> "Hedge" means a dense row of plant material, such as shrubs, which are arranged to form a boundary or screen.

<u>Highest Existing Grade.</u> "Highest existing grade" means the highest natural elevation of the ground surface prior to construction next to the proposed walls of a structure.

<u>Hillside Development.</u> "Hillside development" means any development including individual lots which has slopes greater than fifteen (15) percent on twenty (20) percent or more of the site.

<u>Historic Structure.</u> "Historic structure" means any structure that is:

- (a) Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register;
- (b) Certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historic significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior to qualify as a registered historic district;
- (c) Individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or
- (d) Individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified either:
 - (1) By an approved state program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or
 - (2) Directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.

<u>Home for Individual Residential Care.</u> "Home for individual residential care" means a home in which a natural person furnishes food, shelter, assistance and limited supervision, for compensation, to not more than two (2) persons with mental retardation or with disabilities or who are aged or infirm, unless the persons receiving those services are related within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity to the person providing those services. The term does not include:

- (a) A halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers; or
- (b) A home in which supported living arrangement services are provided to assist individuals in maximizing his independence, including without limitation training and habitation services.

<u>Hoop House/High Tunnel.</u> "Hoop House" or "High Tunnel" means an enclosure that is used to cover and protect crops from sun, wind, excessive rainfall, or cold, to extend the growing season in an environmentally safe manner and having a life span of approximately 5 years. The coverings for these enclosures utilize flexible, not rigid materials.

<u>Hotel.</u> "Hotel" means a building occupied or intended to be occupied, for compensation, as the temporary residence for transient guests, primarily persons who have residence elsewhere, with an interior hall and lobby.

<u>House Construction Factory.</u> "House construction factory" means a building used for the construction of a single or multiple family dwelling, or the assembly of prefabricated single or multiple family dwelling components, or a combination of the above-described procedures, which results in a completed single or multiple family dwelling that can be transported to a lot for which service has been provided and which has been improved to accommodate the installation of the dwelling.

Household. "Household" means the person or persons occupying a housing unit.

<u>Impervious Surface.</u> "Impervious surface" means the surface through which water cannot penetrate, such as a roof, road, sidewalk or paved parking area.

Incorporated City. "Incorporated city" means a city incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada.

<u>Infrastructure</u>. "Infrastructure" means the basic facilities such as roads, schools, power plants, transmission lines, transportation and communication systems on which the continuance and growth of a community depends.

Inoperable Vehicle. "Inoperable vehicle" means a vehicle, as defined by NRS 482.135, which:

- (a) Does not display current license plates (from any state) registered to the vehicle; and,
- (b) Is visibly damaged, wrecked, dismantled, in serious disrepair, deteriorating (rusting, rotting) or missing major components, or is being salvaged, parted out, prepared for crushing, shredding or scrapping; and,
- (c) Is not awaiting disposition instructions as a result of a collision.

Interior Lot. See " Lot, Interior."

<u>Junkyard.</u> "Junkyard" means any space for storage, abandonment or sale of junk, scrap material or similar waste, including the dismantling, demolition or abandonment of automobiles, other vehicles, machinery or parts. Junkyard shall be synonymous with salvage yard.

<u>Kitchen.</u> "Kitchen" means a room or space within a room equipped with such electrical or gas hook up that would enable the installation of a range, oven, or like appliance using 220/40 volts or natural gas (or similar fuels, such as propane) for the preparation of food, and also containing either or both a refrigerator and sink for the washing and/or disposal of food.

<u>Landscaped Buffer.</u> "Landscaped buffer" means an area of landscaping which separates two (2) distinct land uses, or a land use and a public right-of-way, and which acts to soften or mitigate the effects of one (1) land use on the other.

<u>Landscaping.</u> "Landscaping" means an area devoted to and maintained with a mixture of existing or new native or exotic plants such as turf, groundcover, shrubs, flowers, vines and trees, as well as additional complementary decorative features such as rocks, decorative pavement, fountains, pools, sculpture and decorative wall.

Ldn. "Ldn" means the average equivalent A-weighted sound level during a 24-hour day obtained by adding ten decibels to the hourly noise levels measured during the night (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.). In this way, Ldn takes into account the lower tolerance of people for noise during nighttime periods. Ldn noise level measurements are typically plotted onto a map to identify noise contours around a significant noise generator (e.g. freeways, airports, etc.).

<u>Limited Gaming.</u> "Limited gaming" means gaming enterprises authorized by the State Gaming Control Board whereby any person or gaming establishment may be issued a limited gaming license or have such conditions placed on a gaming license as necessary to protect the public interest.

Livestock. "Livestock" means:

- (a) All cattle or animals of the bovine species;
- (b) All horses, mules, burros and asses or animals of the equine species;
- (c) All goats or animals of the caprine species;
- (d) All swine or animals of the porcine species; and
- (e) All sheep or animals of the ovine species.

<u>Loading Space</u>. "Loading space" means an off-street space or berth on the same lot with a building or contiguous to a group of buildings for the temporary parking of vehicles while handling merchandise or materials.

<u>Lot.</u> "Lot" means a distinct part or parcel of land divided with the intent to transfer ownership or for building purposes, which abuts upon a permanent means of access and is assigned a single parcel number by the Washoe County Assessor's Office.

<u>Lot, Corner.</u> "Corner lot" means a lot situated at the intersection of two (2) or more streets or a lot that abuts one (1) street that changes directions, curves or turns around the lot with an interior angle of 135 degrees or less.

<u>Lot</u>, <u>Interior</u>. "Interior lot" means either (a) a lot bounded by a street on only one (1) side; or, (b) a lot situated at the intersection of (2) streets having an interior angle of one hundred thirty-five (135) degrees or more; or, (c) a lot that has continuous street frontage on only one (1) street and when the curvature of the lot along the street frontage exceeds one hundred thirty-five (135) degrees or more.

<u>Lot, Through.</u> "Through lot" means a lot bounded by two (2) streets that do not intersect at the boundaries of the lot.

<u>Lot Coverage.</u> "Lot coverage" is a measure of intensity of land use which represents the portion of a site that is impervious (i.e. does not absorb water). This portion includes, but is not limited to, all areas covered by buildings, parking structures, driveways, roads, sidewalks, and any areas of concrete asphalt. In the case of lumberyards, areas where lumber is stored also constitutes impervious surfaces.

<u>Lot Depth.</u> "Lot depth" is the distance between the front and rear lot lines measured in the mean direction of the side lines.

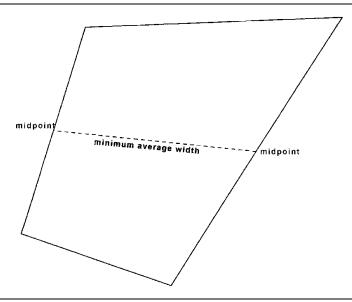
Lot Size. "Lot size" is the total square footage of a lot.

<u>Lot Width.</u> "Lot width" may be determined in one of the following three ways:

(a) The distance between the side lot lines measured at right angles to the lot depth at a point midway between the front and rear line (see Figure 110.902.15LW1);

Figure 110.902.15.LW1

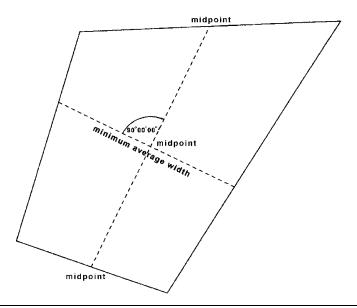
DISTANCE BETWEEN SIDE LOT LINES



Source: George Lindesmith, PLS.

(b) The distance between the midpoints of the side lot lines (see Figure 110.902.15LW2); or Figure 110.902.15.LW2

DISTANCE BETWEEN MIDPOINTS

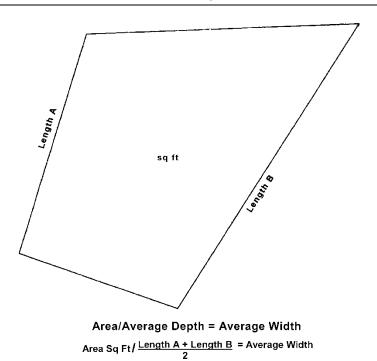


Source: George Lindesmith, PLS.

(c) Area/Average Depth = Average Width (see Figure 110.902.15LW3).

Figure 110.902.15.LW3

AREA/AVERAGE WIDTH



Source: George Lindesmith, PLS.

<u>Lowest Floor.</u> "Lowest floor" means the lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area (including basement). An unfinished or flood resistant enclosure, usable solely for parking of vehicles, building access or storage, in

an area other than a basement area is not considered a building's lowest floor, provided that such enclosure is not built so as to render the structure in violation of the applicable non-elevation design requirements.

Main Building. "Main building" means a building devoted to the principal use of the lot on which it is situated.

<u>Major Subdivision.</u> "Major subdivision" means a subdivision which contains five (5) or more lots, parcels, sites, units, plots or interests.

<u>Manufactured Home.</u> "Manufactured home" is a dwelling unit fabricated in an off-site manufacturing facility for installation or assembly at the building site, bearing the label certifying that it is built in compliance with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards in effect on the date of manufacture. A manufactured home is further defined by Nevada Revised Statute (NRS 489.113). A manufactured home is not a mobile home, nor a modular home.

<u>Manufactured Home Park Site.</u> "Manufactured home park site" is the entire tract of land used for a manufactured home park.

<u>Manufactured Home Space</u>. "Manufactured home space" is the area in a manufactured home park that is rented or leased to the occupant or occupants of a manufactured home.

<u>Manufactured Home Subdivision.</u> "Manufactured home subdivision" is a subdivision designed and/or intended for the sale of lots for siting manufactured homes.

<u>Master Plan.</u> "Master Plan" means the Washoe County Master Plan including both countywide elements and **planning areas** area plans, and a number of more detailed plans and studies related to the plans.

Median Income or County Median Income. "Median income" or "County median income" means the level of income in Washoe County whereby one-half (1/2) of the population earns greater than that level of income and one-half (1/2) of the population earns less than that level of income. Median income is determined on a yearly basis by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

<u>Military Installation.</u> "Military installation" means a base or facility at which or from which the Air Force, Army, Coast Guard, Marine Corps, Navy, Air Force Reserve, Army Reserve, Coast Guard Reserve, Marine Corps Reserve, Navy Reserve or National Guard conducts exercises, maneuvers, operations, patrols or training.

<u>Minor Subdivision.</u> "Minor subdivision" means a subdivision which contains four (4) or less lots, parcels, sites, units, plots or interests.

<u>Minute Action.</u> "Minute action" means an official final decision made by the Board of County Commissioners, as recorded in the County Clerk's minutes.

<u>Mobile Home.</u> "Mobile home" is a transportable, fabricated home, designed to be used as a year-round residential dwelling and built prior to enactment of the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, which became effective June 15, 1976. A mobile home, further defined by Nevada Revised Statute (NRS 489.120), does not bear an insignia of approval that the dwelling unit was built in compliance with NRS Chapter 461. A mobile home is not a manufactured home, nor a modular home.

<u>Mobile Home Park.</u> "Mobile home park" means a tract of land under single ownership within which two (2) or more manufactured homes are occupied as residences on a permanent or semi-permanent basis. The homes are located on spaces that are rented or leased. Special facilities for the common use of the occupants may be included.

Mobile Home Park Site. "Mobile home park site" is the entire tract of land used for a mobile home park.

<u>Modular Home.</u> "Modular home" is a dwelling unit fabricated in an off-site manufacturing facility for installation or assembly at the building site, bearing a label certifying that it is built in compliance with local International Building Code standards and further meets all requirements of County Code Chapter 100. Modular homes shall be subject to the same permit process as site-built homes. A modular home is not a manufactured home, but includes what is commonly referred to as a panelized home.

<u>Motel.</u> "Motel" means a building occupied or intended to be occupied, for compensation, as the temporary residence for transient guests, primarily persons who have residence elsewhere, with access to each room or unit from an outside porch or landing (whether or not such outside porch or landing is enclosed with screen, glass, plastic or similar material).

<u>Mulch.</u> "Mulch" means an organic or inorganic material applied to landscaped areas to help minimize evaporation from the soil, reduce weeds, moderate soil temperatures and slow erosion.

<u>National Register of Historic Places.</u> "National Register of Historic Places" means the listing maintained by the U.S. National Park Service of areas which have been designated as historically significant. The Register includes places of local and state significance, as well as those of value to the nation in general.

<u>Natural Area.</u> "Natural area" means a land area which is unimproved and not occupied by any structures or man-made elements, and set aside for the conservation of permanent, undisturbed open space.

<u>Net Density.</u> "Net density" is the ratio of the total number of units to the site area minus the area of the streets, parking areas and undevelopable land.

Nevada Natural Heritage Site. "Nevada Natural Heritage Site" means areas of land or water which either:

- (a) Have unusual flora, fauna, geological, scenic or similar features of scientific, educational or recreational interest; or
- (b) Retain some degree, or have re-established, a natural character (although it need not be completely undisturbed).

Non-municipal Air Strips and Glider Ports. "Non-municipal air strips and glider ports" means any Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) recognized public use landing area, privately owned and operated for scheduled or non-scheduled air transportation activities, where commercial uses and aviation related commerce can occur. Such use may include provision of landing privileges, hangar and tie-down lease/rental spaces, fuel and lubrication service, flight instruction, plane rental, mechanical repairs, or any other form of aviation commerce. Uses can also include scenic and sightseeing transportation service including helicopter rides, glider plane rides, air balloon rides, ultra-light and experimental aircraft activities and aircraft charters. The term "non-municipal air strips and glider ports" does not apply to public airports operated by any federal, state or local government agencies. The term also does not apply to a personal landing field that is used for fixed-wing aircraft or helicopter landing operations that are incidental and ancillary to established allowable uses including, but not limited to, agricultural, ranching or mining activities, as long as no aviation related commerce is conducted at the personal landing fields.

NRS. "NRS" means Nevada Revised Statutes.

Open Space, Common. "Common open space" means the total land area, not individually owned or dedicated for public use, which is designed and intended for the common use or enjoyment of the residents or occupants of the development. Common open space includes swimming pools, putting greens and other recreational-leisure facilities; areas of scenic or natural beauty and habitat areas; hiking, riding or off-street

bicycle trails; and landscaped areas adjacent to roads which are in excess of minimum required rights-of-way.

<u>Open Space</u>, <u>Private</u>. "Private open space" means the outdoor living area directly adjoining a dwelling unit or building which is intended for the private enjoyment of the residents or occupants of the dwelling unit or building and which is defined in such a manner that its boundaries are evident.

Open Space Use. "Open space use" means the current employment of land, the preservation of which use would conserve and enhance natural or scenic resources, protect streams and water supplies or preserve sites designated as historic pursuant to law, provided such land has a greater value for another use than for open space use.

<u>Outdoor Storage</u>. "Outdoor Storage" means the outside placement of items and materials that are incidental to the existing principal use of the property, except as provided for under Section 110.306.35(d), for a period of more than seventy-two (72) consecutive hours. Outdoor storage is further defined and regulated in the Washoe County Nuisance Code (WCC Sections 50.300 to 50.310, inclusive).

<u>Parcel Map.</u> "Parcel map" means a map for a minor subdivision.

<u>Parcel of Land.</u> "Parcel of land" means any unit or contiguous units of land assigned a single parcel number by the Washoe County Assessor's Office.

<u>Parking Area.</u> "Parking area" means an open area, excluding a street or other public right-of-way, used for the parking of vehicles and available to the public, whether for free or for compensation.

<u>Permanent Employee Housing.</u> "Permanent employee housing" means housing for employees of an isolated industrial, mining, railroad, highway, utilities or agricultural based use where those employees occupy the housing on a permanent basis year round. This development may occur on a single parcel or multiple parcels.

<u>Permitted Water Rights.</u> "Permitted water rights" means the right, in accordance with NRS Chapter 533 and as approved by the Nevada State Engineer, to appropriate public waters, or to change the place of diversion, manner of use or place of use of water already appropriated.

<u>Perennial Stream.</u> "Perennial stream" means a stream that flows from source to mouth throughout the year. This definition does not apply to a man-made watercourse constructed for irrigation, aesthetic or other purposes.

Person. "Person" means a firm, association, corporation, partnership or an individual.

<u>Personal Landing Field.</u> "Personal landing field" means a private use aviation landing area that is used for fixed-wing aircraft or helicopter landing operations that are incidental and ancillary to established allowable land uses including, but not limited to, agricultural, ranching or mining activities, as long as no aviation related commerce is conducted at the personal landing fields. Personal landing fields do not engage in scheduled or non-scheduled air transportation activities, or in any scenic and sightseeing transportation service, or any other form of aviation commerce. The term "personal landing field" does not apply to "non-municipal air strips and glider ports," or to public airports operated by any federal, state or local government agencies.

<u>Placement.</u> "Placement" means the issuance of a set-up permit by the Building and Safety Department for a manufactured home or mobile home.

<u>Planting Area.</u> "Planting area" means an area devoted to or maintained predominantly with native or exotic plants including turf, groundcover, shrubs, flowers, vines and trees with a limited portion of complementary decorative features.

<u>Plumbing Fixture.</u> A "plumbing fixture" is a receptacle, device, or appliance that is supplied with water or which receives liquid or liquid-borne wastes, and which discharges into a drainage system to which it may be directly or indirectly connected.

<u>Police Powers.</u> "Police powers" means powers reserved to the states by the U.S. Constitution and delegated to cities and counties through the Nevada Constitution and the Nevada Revised Statutes; it is the authority to create and enforce ordinances and regulations that are not in conflict with general laws in order to promote the health, safety and general welfare of the public.

<u>Print.</u> "Print" means and includes a blueprint, photostat, direct process print or other copy which reproduces exactly the original drawing from which it was made.

<u>Private Communication Antenna.</u> "Private communication antenna" means any system of wires or poles or similar devices, excluding satellite dish antennas, used for the transmission or reception of electromagnetic waves by federally licensed amateur radio or citizen band radio operators, which system is external to or attached to the exterior of any building.

<u>Private Garage</u>. "Private garage" means a space intended for or used by the private automobiles of families resident upon the lot.

<u>Public Garage.</u> "Public garage" means a building for the repair, storage or hire of motor vehicles.

<u>Rear Line.</u> "Rear line" means the lot line most directly opposite the front line. A parcel of land may have only one (1) rear line.

Rear Yard. See "Yard, Rear."

<u>Recreational Vehicle.</u> "Recreational vehicle" means a vehicular structure that is primarily designed as temporary living quarters for travel, recreation and camping uses. A recreational vehicle can be self-propelled, mounted on, or towed by a separate vehicle.

<u>Recreational Vehicle Park.</u> "Recreational vehicle park" means a tract of land for the transient use by two or more recreational vehicles.

Regional Plan. "Regional Plan" means the Truckee Meadows Regional Plan.

Required Area. "Required area" means the minimum area of a lot or parcel necessary to permit its use under the provisions of the Development Code. Required area refers to:

- (a) Any lot shown as part of a subdivision recorded as a final plat in the manner provided by law;
- (b) Any parcel of land separated as a lot prior to the adoption and effective date of the original Washoe County Land Use Ordinance or the adoption of additional regulatory zones; or
- (c) Any lot or parcel of land which has an area not less than that required in the respective regulatory zone.

Residential Facility for Groups. "Residential facility for groups" means an establishment that furnishes food, shelter, assistance and limited supervision to a person with mental retardation or with a disability or a person

who is aged or infirm. The term includes, without limitation, an assisted living facility. The term does not include:

- (a) An establishment which provides care only during the day;
- (b) A natural person who provides care for no more than two (2) persons in his or her own home;
- (c) A natural person who provides care for one (1) or more persons related to him or her within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity;
- (d) A halfway house for recovering alcohol and drug abusers; or
- (e) A facility funded by a division or program of the Department of Health and Human Services.

<u>Revegetation.</u> "Revegetation" means stabilizing disturbed or graded soils after construction by replanting with indigenous or natural appearing plants.

<u>Ridgeline</u>. "Ridgeline" means the topmost line connecting the series of highest elevation points of a ridge, running center and parallel to the long axis of the ridge and from which all water drains down.

<u>Ridgeline</u>, <u>Significant</u>. "Significant ridgeline" means the topmost line connecting the series of highest elevation points of a ridge, as identified on the Development Suitability map for each planning area in the Washoe County Master Plan included in Volume Two: Area Plans of the Washoe County Master Plan.

<u>Right-of-Way.</u> "Right-of-way" is a strip of land occupied or intended to be occupied by a publicly dedicated street, including the pavement, sidewalks and parkways, crosswalk, railroad, electric transmission line, oil or gas pipeline, water main, sanitary or storm sewer main, shade streets or other special use.

Riparian. "Riparian" means related to or located on the bank of a natural water course.

Riparian Habitat. "Riparian habitat" means the land and plants bordering a watercourse or lake.

<u>Room.</u> "Room" is space in a structure for living, sleeping, eating or cooking. Bathrooms, toilet compartments, closets, halls, storage or utility space, and similar areas, are not considered habitable space and therefore, not a room.

<u>Roominghouse.</u> "Roominghouse" means a building or portion thereof (not a motel) where, for compensation, lodging is provided for more than three (3) guests.

Runoff. "Runoff" means that part of precipitation which flows over the land without filtering into the soil.

<u>Rural Regulatory Zones.</u> "Rural regulatory zones" means the Low Density Rural Regulatory Zone, Medium Density Rural Regulatory Zone, and High Density Rural Regulatory Zone.

<u>Satellite Dish Antenna.</u> "Satellite dish antenna" means a devise incorporating a reflective surface that is solid, open mesh or bar configured and is in the shape of a shallow dish, cone, horn or cornucopia. Such device shall be used to transmit and/or receive radio or electromagnetic waves between terrestrially and/or orbitally based uses. This definition is meant to include, but not be limited to, what are commonly referred to as satellite earth stations, TVROs (television reception only satellite dish antennas), and satellite microwave antennas.

<u>Scenic Corridor.</u> "Scenic corridor" means a roadway with recognized high quality visual amenities that include background vistas of mountains, open country or city.

<u>School.</u> "School" means an institution of learning which offers instructions in the several branches of learning required to be taught in the public schools of the State of Nevada.

<u>Screen.</u> "Screen" means to provide physical separation and complete visual obscuration of one area from another on all sides and in all seasons. Such separation must be at least six (6) feet high and includes, but is not limited to, the combination or individual use of a fence, decorative wall, structure, earth berm or dense landscaping.

<u>Section 404 (Clean Water Act).</u> "Section 404 (Clean Water Act)" means that section of the Clean Water Act delineating restrictions on the dredging and filling (only) of Wetlands in the United States. While Section 404 Permits are issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), Section 404 regulations are written by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

<u>Section 404 (Clean Water Act) Permit.</u> "Section 404 (Clean Water Act) Permit" means the Wetland dredge and fill permit issued under regulations written to conform to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. The permit is actually granted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE).

<u>Sedimentation.</u> "Sedimentation" means the act or process of depositing sediment from suspension in water. All the processes whereby particles of rock material are accumulated to form sedimentary deposits. Sedimentation, as commonly used, involves not only aqueous but also glacial, aeolian, and organic agents. (Water Quality) Letting solids settle out of wastewater by gravity during treatment.

<u>Service Standards.</u> "Service standards" means a measurement of municipal services used to monitor or compare services provided by the County and other service providers.

<u>Setback.</u> "Setback" means the required distance between every structure and the lot line of the lot on which the structure(s) is located.

<u>Shrubs.</u> "Shrubs" means a self-supporting woody species of plants characterized by persistent stems and branches springing from the base.

Side Yard. See "Yard, Side."

<u>Site-Built Home.</u> "Site-built home" means a dwelling unit where the major components are fabricated and assembled at the building site or a dwelling unit constructed at a house construction factory located within Washoe County. Site-built homes shall comply with Washoe County building codes and other adopted local codes.

<u>Slope.</u> "Slope" means an inclined ground surface expressed as a ratio of horizontal distance to vertical distance.

<u>Slaughter House</u>, <u>Agricultural</u>. "Agricultural slaughter house" means a building used as an ancillary structure on a farm or ranch for the non-profit slaughtering of animals raised on-site and the processing and storage of animal products and waste that results from a slaughtering process.

<u>Slaughter House</u>, <u>Commercial</u>. "Commercial slaughter house" means a building used for the for-profit slaughtering of animals that are either raised on-site or transported to the building and the processing and storage of animal products and waste that results from a slaughtering process.

<u>Solar Energy.</u> "Solar energy" means energy derived from the sun's rays.

<u>Specific Plan.</u> "Specific plan" means a plan prepared for **an area** a portion of an area plan which prescribes uses and development standards for that portion **and is further defined in Article 442**.

<u>Story.</u> "Story" is that portion of a building included between the upper surface of any floor and the upper surface of the floor next above, except that the topmost story shall be that portion of a building included between the upper surface of the topmost floor and the ceiling or roof above. If the finished floor level directly above a usable or unused under-floor space is more than six (6) feet above grade as defined herein for more than fifty (50) percent of the total perimeter or is more than twelve (12) feet above grade as defined herein at any point, such usable or unused under-floor space shall be considered as a story.

Story, First. "First story" is the lowest story in a building which qualifies as a story, as defined herein, except that a floor level in a building having only one (1) floor level shall be classified as a first story, provided such floor level is not more than four (4) feet below grade, as defined herein, for more than fifty (50) percent of the total perimeter, or more than eight (8) feet below grade, as defined herein, at any point.

<u>Stream.</u> "Stream" means a general term for a body of flowing water; natural watercourse containing water at least part of the year. In hydrology, the term is generally applied to the water flowing in a natural channel as distinct from a canal. Some classifications of streams include, in relation to time:

- (a) <u>Ephemeral Streams</u>. Streams that flow only in direct response to precipitation and whose channel is at all times above the water table.
- (b) <u>Intermittent or Seasonal Streams.</u> Streams that flow only at certain times of the year when it receives water from springs, rainfall, or from surface sources such as melting snow.
- (c) <u>Perennial Streams.</u> Streams that flow continuously.

<u>Streambanks.</u> "Streambanks" mean the usual boundaries, not the flood boundaries, of a stream channel. Right and left banks are named facing downstream (in the direction of flow).

<u>Street.</u> "Street" means a public right-of-way or easement which affords a primary means of access to abutting property.

<u>Structure.</u> "Structure" means a walled and roofed building or manufactured home, including a gas or liquid storage tank that is primarily above ground. "Structure" does not include a tent, trailer or vehicle.

<u>Subdivider.</u> "Subdivider" means any person or persons, firm, corporation, partnership or association that causes land to be divided into a subdivision for himself or itself or for others. A consultant, engineer or surveyor who does not hold title to the land is not considered a subdivider.

<u>Subdivision.</u> "Subdivision" means any land, vacant or improved, which is divided or proposed to be divided vacant or improved, into two (2) or more lots, parcels, sites, units or plots for the purposes of any transfer, development or any proposed transfer or development unless exempted by one of the following provisions:

- (a) "Subdivision" does not apply to any division of land which creates lots, parcels, sites, units or plots of land each of which comprise forty (40) or more acres of land, or 1/16 of a section, including roads and roadway easements, which is subject to the provisions of Article 612.
- (b) Any joint tenancy or tenancy in common shall be deemed a single interest in land.
- (c) Unless a method of disposition is adopted for the purpose of evading this Development Code or would have the effect of evading this Development Code, the term "subdivision" does not apply to:
 - (1) Any division of land which is ordered by any court in this state or created by operation of law;

- (2) A lien, mortgage, deed of trust or any other security instrument;
- (3) A security or unit of interest in any investment trust regulated under the laws of this state or any other interest in an investment entity;
- (4) Cemetery lots; or
- (5) An interest in oil, gas, minerals or building materials which are not or hereafter severed from the surface ownership or real property.
- (d) "Subdivision" does not apply to creation of parcels of more than (10) acres for agricultural purposes if a street, road or highway opening, widening or easement of any kind is not involved.
- (e) For the purposes of the definition "subdivision," any interest in land created or established as joint tenancy or a tenancy in common shall be a single interest and not an interest in common, if, and only if, the use or development or the proposed use or development of such land would not be a subdivision as defined in this section if undertaken or proposed by a single entity, whether corporate or an individual. See "Major Subdivision" and "Minor Subdivision."

<u>Substantial Improvement.</u> "Substantial improvement" means any repair, reconstruction, additions or other improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds fifty (50) percent of the market value of the structure either before the improvement or addition is started or, if the structure has been damaged, before the damage occurred, regardless of the actual repair work performed. For the purpose of this definition, "substantial improvement" is considered to occur when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor or other structural part of the building commences, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure. "Substantial improvement" does not include:

- (a) Any project for improvement of a structure to comply with existing state or local health, sanitary or safety code specifications; or
- (b) Any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a State Inventory of Historic Places.
 - (1) "Substantial improvement" is considered to occur when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor or other structural part of the building commences, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure; and
 - "Substantial improvement" does not include improvement of a structure solely to comply with existing state or local health, sanitary or safety code specifications, or any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a State Inventory of Historic Places.

<u>Suburban Regulatory Zones.</u> "Suburban regulatory zones" means the Low Density Suburban Regulatory Zone, Medium Density Suburban Regulatory Zone, and High Density Suburban Regulatory Zone.

<u>Surface Runoff.</u> "Surface runoff" means water that results from precipitation which is not absorbed by the soil, evaporated into the atmosphere or entrapped by ground surface depressions and vegetation, and which flows over the ground surface to adjoining properties, storm drains or waterways.

Surveyor. "Surveyor" means a land surveyor registered pursuant to NRS Chapter 625.

<u>Temporary Employee Housing.</u> "Temporary employee housing" means housing for employees of an isolated industrial, mining, railroad, highway, utilities or agricultural based use where those employees occupy the housing on a seasonal basis not more than six (6) months per year. This development may occur on a single parcel or multiple parcels.

<u>Tentative Parcel Map.</u> "Tentative parcel map" means a map which is filed pursuant to Article 606, conforming to the standards and requirements set forth therein.

<u>Tentative Subdivision Map.</u> "Tentative subdivision map" means a preliminary map made to show lot lines, roads, buildings, rights-of-ways and other design factors of a proposed subdivision.

<u>Terrace</u>. "Terrace" means a relatively level step constructed in the face of a graded slope surface for drainage, maintenance and/or development purposes.

<u>Tiny House.</u> "Tiny house" means a dwelling that is 400 square feet or less in floor area excluding lofts, built to the standards of the building code and appendices adopted at the time of construction.

<u>Threatened Species.</u> "Threatened species" means any species which is likely to become an endangered species within the foreseeable future and which has been designated in the Federal Register as a threatened species.

Through Lot. See "Lot, Through."

<u>Topography</u>. "Topography" means configuration of a surface, including its relief and the position of natural and man-made features.

<u>Topsoil.</u> "Topsoil" means the upper part of the soil profile that is relatively rich in humus, known in agronomy as the "A-horizon."

<u>Total Developed Land Area.</u> "Total developed land area" means that portion of a property which is disturbed for development purposes including, but not limited to, areas covered by buildings, landscaping, impervious surfaces and other areas graded or excavated to support the development.

<u>Townhouse</u>. "Townhouse" means a form of single-family attached housing where each unit extends from foundation to roof and with a yard or public way on not less than two sides.

Trailer Coach. See "Mobile Home."

Travel Trailer. See "Recreational Vehicle."

<u>Tree.</u> "Tree" means a large, woody perennial plant with one main trunk or multiple trunks, and many branches.

<u>Unladen Weight.</u> "Unladen weight" means the weight of any vehicle without load, but fully equipped with accessories and appliances belonging to and used by such vehicle in the transportation of persons or property.

<u>Uplighting.</u> "Uplighting" means a source of light where the center of the light beam is at an angle greater than the horizontal.

<u>Urban Regulatory Zones.</u> "Urban regulatory zones" means the Low Density Urban Regulatory Zone, Medium Density Urban Regulatory Zone, and High Density Urban Regulatory Zone.

<u>Use or Land Use.</u> "Use" or "land use" means the primary or primary and secondary use(s) of land such as single family residential, multi-family residential, commercial, industrial, agriculture, etc. The description of a particular land use should convey the dominant character of a geographic area and, thereby, establish types of activities which are appropriate and compatible with primary use(s).

<u>Used.</u> "Used" includes "arranged," "designed" or "intended to be used."

<u>Vegetation, Native.</u> "Native vegetation" means plants that grow naturally in Washoe County, Nevada and have adapted to the climate, soil, location and rainfall patterns of their area.

<u>Vegetation, Natural.</u> "Natural vegetation" means plants which exist on a site before clearing or grading.

<u>Viewshed.</u> "Viewshed" means the surface area that can be seen from a specific viewpoint.

<u>Vista.</u> "Vista" means an area of high ground or projecting earth from which there is a dominant and unobstructed view of surrounding areas.

<u>Watercourse.</u> "Watercourse" means any natural or artificial watercourse, stream, river, creek, ditch, channel, canal, conduit, culvert, drain, gully, ravine, arroyo or wash in which water flows in a definite channel, bed or bank.

<u>Waters of the State (Defined) (Nevada Revised Statutes 445A.415)</u>. "Waters of the State" means all waters situated wholly or partly within or bordering upon the State of Nevada, including, but not limited to:

- (a) All streams, lakes, ponds, impounding reservoirs, marshes, water courses, waterways, wells, springs, irrigation systems and drainage systems; and
- (b) All bodies or accumulations of water, surface and underground, natural or artificial.

<u>Wetland.</u> "Wetland" means an area that is periodically inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater on an annual or seasonal basis, that displays hydric soils, and that typically supports or is capable of supporting hydrophytic vegetation.

Wetlands (COE and EPA) (Regulatory). "Wetlands (COE and EPA)" means the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE) and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) have adopted a regulatory definition for administering the Section 404 permit program of the Clean Water Act (CWA) as follows: [Wetlands are] those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs and similar areas.

Wetlands (NRCS) (Technical). "Wetlands (NRCS)" mean the (U.S. Department of Agriculture) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) [formerly the Soil Conservation Service (SCS)] uses the following definition for identifying wetlands on agricultural land in assessing farmer eligibility for U.S. Department of Agriculture program benefits under the "Swampbuster" provision of the Food Security Act (FSA) of 1985. As amended in 1990, the FSA states that the term "wetland," except when such term is part of the term "converted wetland," means land that:

- (a) Has a predominance of hydric soils;
- (b) Is inundated or saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions; and
- (c) Under normal circumstances does support a prevalence of such vegetation.

<u>Will Serve Letter.</u> "Will serve letter" means a letter from a utility purveyor assuring the provision of services for proposed development.

<u>Yard.</u> "Yard" means an open space on the same lot or parcel used with the building, extending from the setback line to the nearest lot line, to be unoccupied and unobstructed except as provided in the Development Code.

<u>Yard, Front.</u> "Front yard" means a yard lying between the setback line and the front lot line and extending across the full width of the lot or parcel. In the case of either a corner lot or an interior lot with multiple street frontages, all yards abutting streets, other than collectors or arterials, shall be considered as front yards.

<u>Yard</u>, <u>Rear</u>. "Rear yard" means a yard between the setback line and the rear lot line and extending across the full width of the lot or parcel. On a corner lot, the side opposite the shortest front yard width is considered the rear yard of the lot.

<u>Yard, Side.</u> "Side yard" means a yard lying between the setback line and the side lot line and extending from the front yard line to the rear yard line.

<u>Zone or Regulatory Zone.</u> "Zone" or "Regulatory Zone" means a portion of the unincorporated area of Washoe County which is specifically designated in Article 106 of this Development Code.

SECTION 22. General Terms.

- 1. All actions, proceedings, matters, and things heretofore taken, had and done by the County and its officers not inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance are ratified and approved.
- 2. The Chair of the Board and officers of the County are authorized and directed to take all action necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of this Ordinance. The District Attorney is authorized to make non-substantive edits and corrections to this Ordinance.
- 3. All ordinances, resolutions, bylaws and orders, or parts thereof, in conflict with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent only of such inconsistency. This repealer shall not be construed to revive any ordinance, resolution, bylaw or order, or part thereof, heretofore repealed.
- 4. Each term and provision of this Ordinance shall be valid and shall be enforced to the extent permitted by law. If any term or provision of this Ordinance or the application thereof shall be deemed by a court of competent jurisdiction to be in violation of law or public policy, then it shall be deemed modified, ipso facto, to bring it within the limits of validity or enforceability, but if it cannot be so modified, then the offending provision or term shall be excised from this Ordinance. In any event, the remainder of this Ordinance, or the application of such term or provision to

circumstances other than those to which it is invalid or unenforceable, shall not be affected.

Passage and Effective Da	<u>te</u>		
Proposed on		(month)	(day), 2024.
Proposed by Commissioner			·
Passed on		(month)	(day), 2024.
Vote:			
Ayes:			
Nays:			
Absent:			
		Hill, Chair County Commission	
ATTEST:			
Jan Galassini, County Cle	erk		

This ordinance shall be in force and effect from and after the $20\,\mathrm{th}$ day of the month of December of the year 2024.